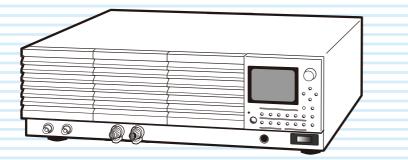
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Part No. IB027586

Communication Interface Manual

BIPOLAR POWER SUPPLY PBZ Series

PBZ20-20 PBZ20-20A PBZ40-10 PBZ60-6.7 PBZ80-5



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About the Operation Manuals

There are five PBZ Series Manuals listed as follows.

- Setup Guide Paper RDF
 This manual is intended for first-time users of this product. It provides an overview of the product and notes on usage. It also explains how to set up the product for testing the DUT. Always read this manual before using the product.
- User's Manual RDF
 This manual is intended for first-time users of this product. It
 provides an overview of the product and notes on usage. It also
 explains how to configure the product, operate the product,
 perform maintenance on the product, and so on.
- Communication Interface Manual (PDF) (this manual) This manual contains details about remotely controlling the tester using SCPI commands. The interface manual is written for readers with sufficient basic knowledge of how to control measuring instruments using a PC.
- Quick Reference Reper RDF
 This manual explains Panel description and operation briefly.
- Safety Information Reper RDF This document contains general safety precautions for this product. Keep them in mind and make sure to observe them.

PBZ series manuals is intended for users of the product or persons teaching other users on how to operate the bipolar power supply. PBZ series manuals assumes that the reader has electrical knowledge.

PDF is provided on the included CD-ROM.

Product firmware versions

This manual applies to products with firmware versions 2.2X (PBZ20-20/ PBZ40-10/ PBZ60-6.7/ PBZ80-5), 1.0X (PBZ20-20A).

When contacting us about the product, please provide us with:

- The model (marked in the top section of the front panel)
- The firmware version (see the user's manual)
- The serial number (marked in the top section of the rear panel)

Before reading this manual

First read the User's Manual, which includes information on the product's hardware, to avoid connecting or operating the product incorrectly.

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The specifications of this product and the contents of this manual are subject to change without prior notice.

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Notations Used in This Manual

- The bipolar power supply PBZ series is referred to as the PBZ in this manual.
- The word "PC" used in this manual is a generic term for personal computers and workstations.
- The following markings are used in this manual.

WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if ignored, could result in death or serious injury.

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if ignored, may result in slight injury or damage to the product and other property.

NOTE

Indicates information that you should know.

(DESCRIPTION)

Explanation of terminology or operation principle.

See

Indicates reference to detailed information.

This chapter provides a general explanation of the remote control function.

In addition to controlling the PBZ from the front panel, you can control it remotely through the following standard-equipped interfaces.

- RS232C interface
- · GPIB interface
- USB interface
- LAN interface (factory option)

If the factory option interface board is installed, you can use LAN.

You cannot control the PBZ through RS232C, GPIB, USB, and LAN at the same time. The remote interfaces comply with IEEE Std 488.2-1992 and SCPI Specification 1999.0.

Familiarize yourself with the syntax of the SCPI commands that are used with the PBZ before you use them to control the product.

The RMT icon is displayed in the screen's status display area when the PBZ is in remote mode. To use the front panel to switch the PBZ back to local mode, press the LOCAL key.

Measurement instrument interface standards

The PBZ complies with the following standards.

- IEEE Std 488.2-1992 IEEE Standard Codes, Formats, Protocols, and Common Commands For Use With IEEE Std 488.1-1987
- IEEE Std 488.1-1987 IEEE Standard Digital Interface for Programmable Instrumentation
- Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments (SCPI) version 1999.0
- Universal Serial Bus Specification Rev 2.0
- Universal Serial Bus Test and Measurement Class Specification (USBTMC) Rev 1.0
- Universal Serial Bus Test and Measurement Class, Subclass USB488 Specification (USBTMC-USB488) Rev 1.0
- TCP/IP Instrument Protcol Specification VXI-11
- LXI 1.4 Core Device Specification 2011

See p. 14

VISA Library

To use the VISA library (VISA COM) with the I/O library, the VISA library must be installed on the controller (the host PC).

To use the USB interface to control the PBZ, a driver that supports the USB Test & Measurement Class (USBTMC) must be installed on the controller. The USBTMC driver is installed automatically by the VISA library.

When the product is controlled by the LAN interface, middleware which applies to the VXI-11 protocol is required. Middleware is automatically installed by VISA library.

VISA (Virtual Instrument Software Architecture) was developed by the VXIplug&play Systems Alliance. It is the standard specification for measurement instrument connection software.

You have to install one of the following VISA libraries (driver software that is implemented according to the VISA specifications).

Do not install multiple VISA libraries on the same PC. Doing so may cause errors.

VISA libraries that are older than the versions listed here do not support USB.

- NI-VISA by National Instruments Corporation (version 5.1.1 or later)
- Keysight VISA by Keysight Technologies, Inc. (Keysight IO Librarys Suite 16.0 or later)
- KI-VISA version 5.0..4 or later

KI-VISA is an original VISA library developed by Kikusui Electronics Corporation that supports the VXIplug&play VISA specifications. You can download the most recent version of this library from the Kikusui Electronics Corporation website (http://www.kikusui.co.jp/download/). If NI-VISA or Keysight VISA is already installed on your PC, you do not need to install KI-VISA.

You can download the "KI-VISA Library Programming Guide" from the Kikusui Electronics Corporation website.

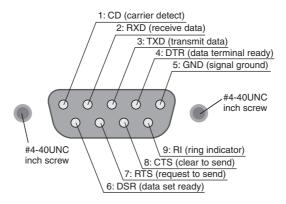


Using the RS232C Interface

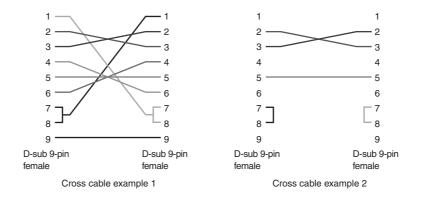
The PBZ RS232C interface is a standard D-sub, 9-pin male connector.

Check that the PBZ and your PC are off, and connect them with a standard cross cable (null-modem cable).

Use a D-sub, 9-pin, female-to-female AT cross cable. The figure below shows the port pinout. The PBZ does not use hardware handshaking (cross cable example 2).



Facing the PBZ rear panel



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RS232C Settings

Press Config key to set the interface type and communication parameters using CONFIG[6].

Protocol

The RS232C protocol. In the following table, the underlined values are the factory default settings.

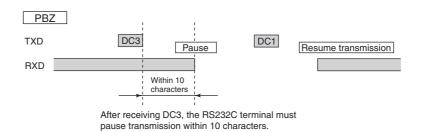
Item	Setting
Connector	Rear panel, D-sub, 9-pin connector
Baud rate	1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, <u>19200</u> , or 38400 bps
Data length	7 or <u>8</u>
Stop bits	<u>1</u> or 2
Parity	None (fixed)
Flow control	<u>ON</u> or OFF

Flow control

Use flow control for RS232C transmission and reception. Device Control (DC) codes are used for this purpose.

Data may not be received properly if flow control is not used.

Code	Function	ASCII code
DC1 (Xon)	Request to send	11H
DC3 (Xoff)	Transmission stop request	13H



Break signal

The break signal is used as a substitute for the IEEE488.1 dcl/sdc (Device Clear, Selected Device Clear) message.

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Using the GPIB Interface

Setting the GPIB address

The factory default GPIB address is "1." You can set the address to a number from 1 to 30. Press Config key to set the interface type and GPIB address using CONFIG[6].

GPIB feature

Function	Subset	Description
Source handshaking	SH1	Full capability
Acceptor handshaking	AH1	Full capability
Talker	Т6	Function available
Listener	L4	Function available
Service request	SR1	Full capability
Remote local	RL1	Full capability
Parallel polling	PP0	No capability
Device clear	DC1	Full capability
Device trigger	DT1	Full capability
Controller	C0	No capability
Electrical interface	E1	Open-collector driver

Service request

The PBZ is equipped with service request and serial polling functions.

•••••

Using the USB Interface

To use the USB interface to control the PBZ, a driver that supports the USB Test & Measurement class (USBTMC) must be installed on the controller. The USBTMC driver is installed automatically by the VISA library.

USB settings

Press Config key to set the interface type using CONFIG[6].

USB feature

- Complies with USB specification 2.0
- Complies with USBTMC specification 1.0 and USBTMC-USB488 specification 1.0
- Baud rate: 12 Mbps maximum (full speed)
- VID (vendor ID): 0x0B3E
- PID (product ID): 0x1012

Service request

The PBZ is equipped with service request and serial polling functions.

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Using the LAN Interface (Option)

The LAN interface is a factory option.

To use the LAN interface to control the PBZ, middleware that supports the VXI-11 protocol must be installed on the controller. The middleware is installed automatically by the VISA library.

There is a Web browser interface to the PBZ embedded in the LAN interface board. You can configure the LAN interface settings from your PC's Web browser.

For information on topics such as connecting to your corporate LAN, your IP address, your host name, and security, contact your network administrator.

LAN connections

Use a standard LAN cable (category 5 and straight) to connect the PBZ to a network hub or router. Use a crossover cable when making a direct connection.

LAN settings

Usually, LAN settings are configured using a DHCP server. If you want to use a fixed IP address, you cannot set it from the panel. Set it from a Web browser.

CONFIG settings

See p. 11

Press Config key to set the interface type and communication parameters using CONFIG[6]. Normally, you should set DHCP and AUTO IP to ON to set the IP address automatically.

For direct connections, set DHCP to OFF and AUTO IP to ON and set the IP address automatically.

You cannot set the IP address from the panel. To set a fixed IP address, first set the IP address automatically, and then set a fixed address by accessing the PBZ through a Web browser.

When you are going to use a fixed IP address over a long period of time or at intervals, we recommend that you specify a host name. To set a host name, access the PBZ through a Web browser.

Service request

The PBZ is equipped with service request and serial polling functions.

LAN feature

Depending on the operation that you perform through your Web browser, the PBZ may need to connect to the Internet.

Complies with the LXI 1.4 Core 2011

Complies with the VXI-11/ SCPI-RAW protocol

Baud rate: 100 Mbps maximum (auto negotiation)

DHCP client feature

AUTO IP feature

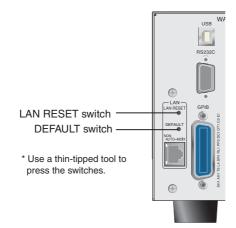
From your Web browser, you can (Internet Explorer; Mozilla Firefox; Safari/ Mobile Safari; Google Chrome):

Change LAN and security settings.

Use simple control applications.

Update the LAN board

LAN RESET switch and DEFAULT switch



LAN RESET switch

Holding down this switch for 3 seconds resets the LAN interface settings, except for Hostname and Hostname Description, to their factory default values. You can use this switch if you forget the security password.

DEFAULT switch

NOTE

Hold down this switch for 3 seconds or more to reset the LAN interface settings to the factory default values. You can use this switch if you forget the security password or IP address. Neither of these switches affects the PBZ's panel settings. If the PBZ is in remote mode, pressing one of these switches will change the PBZ back into local mode (panel operation).

• The LAN interface can be accessed from anywhere on the network that the PBZ is connected to. Change the security settings if necessary. Refer to " Accessing and Operating the PBZ from a Web Browser (LAN interface)" on p. 11 for setting procedure.

 Do not use the DEFAULT and LAN RESET switches carelessly. This may cause the LAN interface to malfunction.

 The LAN interface is different from the other remote interfaces in that you have to use the "SYSTem:REMote" command to switch the PBZ to remote mode. When you are carrying out remote programming, send this command at the beginning of the program.

Accessing and Operating the PBZ from a Web Browser (LAN interface)

For LAN interface, the detailed setting can be operated from the browser on the PC.

The URL of Web site is defined as adding "http://" in front of the IP address.

The URL can be entered directly on the address bar of the browser by confirming the IP address of the config setting (CONFIG[6] > LAN > IP ADDRESS).

(Example) When the IP address is 169.254.7.8

http://169.254.7.8

When VISA library is used, there is the function to retrieve the VXI-11 measuring instrument by the application program provided by VISA vendors (National Instruments NI-MAX, Agilent Connection Expert, and Kikusui KI-VISA Instrument Explorer, etc.). You can access the PBZ by clicking on the Web link from the retrieval results.

The following browsers are applied.

- Internet Explorer
- Mozilla Firefox
- · Google Chrome
- · Safari/ Mobile Safari

WELCOME page

When you access the PBZ from a Web browser, the WELCOME page is displayed first.

The instrument information, network information, and VISA resource (I/O resource) information appear on the display.

Clicking *Turn ON Identify* displays "Device Identify" on the PBZ series front panel display. This enables you to check which PBZ series is being controlled through the LAN interface.

Click the navigation menu to move to the other page.

APBZ40-10 ND007181		
Welcome Control	CAN Status Security	Navigation menu Move to the page which o
Welcome to		
	olar Power Supp	dy z
	olai i Owel Supp	ny I
Basic Instrument Info		
Manufacturer	KIKUSUI	
Model	PBZ40-10	=
Serial	ND007181	
Firmware Revision	2.20	1
MAC Address	00-0F-CE-DC-BA-20	
Turn ON Identify	furn OFF Identify	
Hostname & Service	Info	
mDNS Hostname	PBZ40-10-07181.local.	
Description (mDNS Service Name)	KIKUSUI PBZ40-10 Bipolar Power Sup	ppy - ND007181
Dynamic DNS Hostname	192.168.10.150	
NetBIOS Name	PBZ40-10-07181	
Domain	kikusui.local	
IP Address Info		
IP Address	192.168.10.150	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Default Gateway	192.168.10.252	

Remote Control page

You can set and control voltage, current, and output settings; view measured values; configure the protection feature.



LAN config page

Config page for the network settings.

Click Modify Now to assign the IP address, set the host name, and so on.

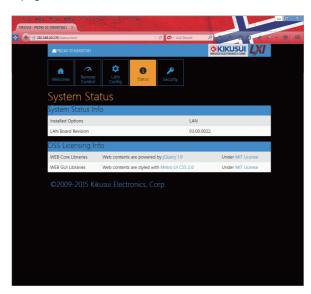
If you set the host name, you can use it in place of the IP address to access the LAN interface.

After you enter the settings, click Apply to apply the settings.



STATUS page

This page shows the LAN board revision and OSS license information.

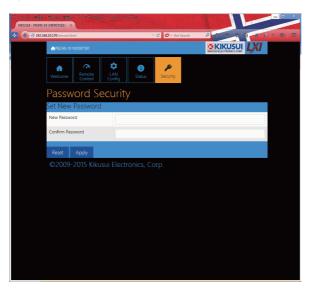


SECURITY page

This page is for the security setting.

This page can allow you to set the change of the password protection.

The password protection is an effective security features to the Web site. It prevents from being changed inadvertently. The password can be used for any alphanumeric characters, the hyphen, and the underscore.



•

The information that is transferred between the controller (the host PC) and the PBZ is referred to as "messages."

The PBZ uses the SCPI language for these messages.

The messages that the PC sends to the PBZ are commands. The messages that the PBZ sends to the PC are responses.

Commands are used to execute functions or change settings on the PBZ or to query the PBZ's settings or status. Responses are used to return the PBZ's settings or status.

SCPI Command Syntax

Command hierarchy

SCPI is an ASCII-based command language that was designed for test and measuring equipment. The command structure is composed of the common roots and nodes that are the building blocks of the SCPI subsystem. A command consists of a program header, parameters, and punctuation marks.

The following table uses the SOURce subsystem as an example to explain the hierarchy.

Program header	Parameter	Node level
SOURce		Root node
:SWEep		2nd level
:FREQuency		3rd level
:STARt	<numeric></numeric>	4th level
:STOP	<numeric></numeric>	4th level
:FUNCtion	{SIN SQE TRI USER[1] USER[16]}	2nd level

- A colon (:) separates a higher node from a lower node.
- If the program header starts with a colon, the first node is a root node.

.....

Command syntax

Format

In this manual, SCPI commands are expressed in the following format.

Example:

```
[SOURce:]FUNCtion[:SHAPe][:IMMediate]
{SINusoid|SQUare|TRIangle|USER[1]..USER16}
```

 SCPI commands can be written in long form (with all the characters) or in short form (omitting the lowercase characters).

SCPI commands can be transmitted in either long form or short form.

- SCPI commands are not case sensitive. VOLT, Volt, and volt are all received as the short form of the VOLTage command.
 VOLUME, Volume, and volume are all received as the long form of the VOLume command.
- A space separates a program header and its parameters.
- · Multiple parameters are separated by commas.

Compound commands

Compound commands can be created by concatenating two commands with a semicolon.

```
Example (compound command):
CURRent:PROTection:LOWer -5.0;UPPer 10.0
```

You can use a compound command to send a command that is the same as the two following commands.

```
Example (individual commands):
CURRent:PROTection:LOWer -5.0
CURRent:PROTection:UPPer 10.0
```

In the first command, CURRent:PROTection:LOWer -5.0, the path is set to CURRent: PROTection. Therefore, in the second command, CURRent:PROTection can be omitted.

If you specify a node that is not defined in the current path (except for OVER, UND, UPP, LOW, STAT, and PASS), an error will occur.

• Compound command (clearing the specified path)

Example: SENSe:FUNCtion DC;:INITiate

There are two root nodes in this compound command: SENSe and INITiate. When the second command or later begins with a colon, the path that was specified by the previous command is cleared.

- · Program headers are separated by colons.
- By using colons and semicolons, you can concatenate commands of different subsystems.
- The maximum length of a command that you can transmit on a single line is 128 bytes.

Special symbols and characters

The special symbols and characters that are used in this manual for the SCPI command syntax are explained below.

Symbol or character	Description
<>	Character strings inside the < and > symbols indicate program data. Do not include the < and > symbols in the actual program.
{}	Characters and numbers delimited by " " inside the { and } symbols indicate that one of the delimited items is to be selected.Do not include the { and } symbols in the actual program.
[]	Character strings inside [and] indicate optional data. When optional data is not sent with the program, the default value is sent. Do not include the [and] symbols in the actual program.

Queries

You can query the PBZ settings and status.

To make a query, append a question mark to the end of the program header section. If the query has parameters, insert a space after the question mark, and then write the parameters.

Example: VOLTAGE:AC? MIN

```
NOTE
```

If you want to send two queries on separate lines, send the second query after you have received the response to the first one. If you send query commands on two lines at the same time, you may receive an incomplete response.

Terminating character strings

All commands must be terminated with a valid terminator. The available terminators are <line feed> (ASCII 0x0A) and EOI (end-or-identify). You can use any one of these terminators to terminate a command. EOI does not exist in the RS232C specification, so be sure to use <line feed>. When you terminate a command string, the path is reset to the root level.

NOTE CR (ASCII 0x0D) is not a terminator.

Common commands

See p. 20

There are commands that are common to the IEEE-488.2 and SCPI standards for functions such as resetting devices and performing self-diagnoses. These common commands start with an asterisk (***). These commands may have one or multiple parameters.

Parameters

The SCPI parameter format is derived from the program parameter format that is defined in IEEE 488.2.

The program data expression format that the PBZ uses is shown below.

Non-numeric parameters

The PBZ uses the following three parameter types.

Symbol or character	Description
String data (String)	Used when a series of ASCII characters are requested. Be sure to enclose strings in single or double quotation marks. The opening and closing quotation marks must match (you cannot mix single and double quotation marks). Example: PROGram NAME "PBZ" If you want to include a quotation mark as part of the string, enter consecutive quotation marks (with no characters between them). ASCII codes 20H to 7EH can be used in strings.
Character data (Character)	Used when only a limited number of values are available for a program setting. Responses are returned in short form. Example: TRIGger:SOURce {BUS IMMediate}
Boolean data (Boolean)	Used to express a condition of 1 or 0, or ON or OFF. Responses are returned as 1 or 0. Example: OUTPut {ON OFF 1 0}

Numeric parameters

The PBZ uses the following five parameter types.

Symbol or character	Description
NR1	Represents an integer value. ¹
NR2	Represents a real number in floating-point format. ¹
NR3	Represents a real number in scientific notation. ¹ Response data is normally returned with six decimal places.If the 380 is returned in the response data, it is returned as +3.800000+E02. This product has queries that return data with five decimal places.
NRf	NRf is a generic term that includes NR1, NR2, and NR3.
Numeric	Represents values such as the decimal point, optional prefixes, and measurement units. Numbers are expressed the same as NRf. MINimum and MAXimum are available as substitutes for declaring certain values. You can also use units such as V, A, and S in numeric parameters. If a value that cannot be assigned is entered, the PBZ rounds the value to the closest possible value. Example: SYSTem:CONFigure:BEEPer:VOLume 0.56 The buzzer volume must be set to a value from 0.1 to 1.0, so if you send the query SYST:CONF:BEEP:VOL?, 0.6 will be returned.

1 Details are given in the "IEEE 488.2 Standard Digital Interface for Programmable Instrumentation."

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Special form numeric parameters

The special form numeric parameters MINimum and MAXimum can be used as substitutes for the actual maximum and minimum values when the parameter is numeric.

The following example sets the measurement time to the minimum value. **SENSe:APERture MINimum**

You can query the minimum and maximum values for most parameters. SENSe:APERture? MIN SENSe:APERture? MAX

Measurement units

The default measurement units are listed below. Commands are accepted even if measurement units are not specified.

- A (current)
- V (voltage)
- A/V (current/voltage)
- V/V (voltage/voltage)
- W (power)
- · S (seconds)
- PCT (%)
- HZ (frequency)
- · DEG (degrees)

The following optional prefixes are supported. To enter "µ" in the parameter, use "U."

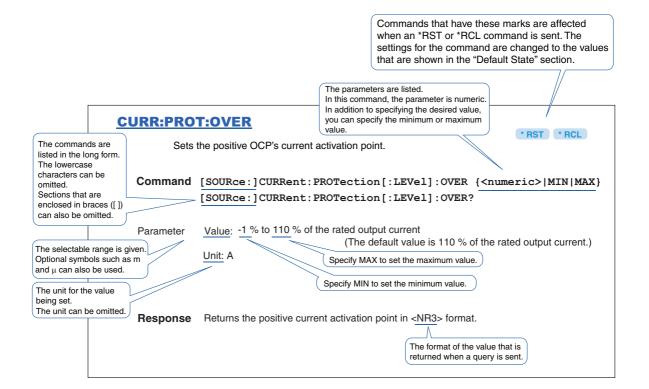
- M (milli)
- K (kilo)
- U (micro)

NOTE

The unit symbols in the International System of Units contain lowercase characters. The IEEE standard uses uppercase characters. SCPI commands are not case sensitive.

Command Description in This Manual

In this manual, commands are described in the following manner.



References to command descriptions

Item	See Page
Command syntax	14
Parameters	17
Units	18
Default state * RST * RCL	81
Queries	16
List of messages	87
List of errors	96

IEEE 488.2 Common Commands

*CLS

Clears all event registers including the status byte, event status, and error queue. See p. 72

Command *CLS

*ESE

See p. 76

Sets the event status enable register that is counted by the event summary bit (ESB) of the status byte.

Command *ESE <NR1> *ESE?

Parameter	Value:	0 to 255 An SCPI error (-222, "Data out of range") occurs if the specified value is outside the range.
	Example	When *ESE 16 is transmitted, bit 4 of the event status enable register is set. Each time the execution error bit (bit 4) of the event status register is set, the summary bit (ESB) of the status byte is set.

Response Returns the value of the event status enable register in <NR1> format.

*ESR

Queries the event status register. Registers that are read are cleared. See p. 76

Command *ESR?

Response Returns the value of the event status register in <NR1> format and clears the register.

*IDN

Queries the model name, serial number, and firmware version of the PBZ.

Command *IDN?

Response The response to *IDN? is indicated below. Example For a PBZ20-20 with serial number AB123456 and firmware version 1.00, *IDN? returns:

KIKUSUI, PBZ20-20, AB123456, 1.00.

*OPC

See IEEE 488.2-1992 Section 10.18

Sets the OPC bit (bit 0) of the event status register when all the commands that are in standby have been processed.

Command *OPC *OPC?

Response Returns "1" when all the commands that are in standby have been processed.

***OPT**

Queries the o	ptions that are	installed ir	ι the PBZ.
---------------	-----------------	--------------	------------

Command *OPT?

Response If the factory option LAN interface board is installed, "LAN" is returned. Returns "0" if no options are installed.

*PSC

See	When the result of rounding the specified value is a number other than zero, it is interpreted
IEEE 488.2-1992 Section 10.25	as one, and this command sets the service request enable and event status enable registers to their initial values when the PBZ restarts.
Section 10.25	

Command	*PSC <nr1></nr1>	
	*PSC?	

Parameter Value: -32767 to +32767

Response Returns "1" when the result of rounding the specified value is a number other than zero.

*RCL

Aborts measurement and loads the settings that have been saved to setup memory. This command performs the same function as the MEM:SET:RCL command. For the commands that are affected by *RCL, see " Default State"."

Command *RCL <NR1>

Parameter Value: Memory number 0 to 9 An SCPI error (-222, "Data out of range") occurs if the specified value is outside the range.

***RST**

See p. 81

Aborts measurement and initializes the PBZ to the factory default settings. For the commands that are affected by *RST, see " Default State"."

See p. 81

Command *RST

*SAV

Saves the current settings to setup memory. This command performs the same function as the MEM:SET:SAV command.

See p. 81

Command *SAV <NR1>

Parameter	Value:	0 to 9	Memory number
		An SCPI erro	or (-222, "Data out of range") occurs if the specified value is outside
		the range.	

For the commands that are affected by *RCL, see " Default State"."

*SRE

Sets the service request enable register.

The service request enable register can be used to select which summary messages in the status byte register will perform service requests.

To clear the service request enable register, send *SRE 0. If the register is cleared, service requests cannot be generated by status information.

Command *SRE <NR1> *SRE?

Parameter Value: 0 to 255 An SCPI error (-222, "Data out of range") occurs if the specified value is outside the range.

Example Sending *SRE 8 sets bit 3 of the service request enable register. Each time the summary bit (bit 3) of the QUEStionable status register in the status byte is set, a service request message is generated.

Response Returns the value of the service request enable register in <NR1> format.

*STB

See p. 74 Queries the contents of the status byte register and the MSS (master summary status) message.

The response is the same as serial polling only with the exception that the MSS message appears in place of the RQS message in bit 6.

Command *STB?

Response Returns the value of the status byte register and the MSS message (bit 6) in <NR1> format.

*TRG

See	Trigger command.
IEEE 488.2-1992 Section 10.37	This is a substitute command for the IEEE 488.1 get message (Group Execute Trigger). If the PBZ is in a state in which it does not accept triggers, an SCPI error (-211, "Trigger ignored") occurs.

Command *TRG

***TST**

See IEEE 488.2-1992 Section 10.38 Executes a self-test. You can query which error occurred by sending the SYST:ERR? command.

Command *TST?

Response Returns "0" if no errors are detected. Returns the error code if an error is detected.

*WAI

Prevents the PBZ from executing subsequent commands until all operations that are in standby have completed.

Command *WAI

Output Setting Commands

CV/CC Mode and Bipolar/Unipolar Mode

FUNC:MODE

Sets the CV/CC mode setting.

Command [SOURce:]FUNCtion:MODE {CC|CV}
[SOURce:]FUNCtion:MODE?

Parameter	Value:	CC	CC mode
		CV	CV mode (default)

Response Returns the setting in <character> format in response to the FUNC:MODE? query.

FUNC:POL

Sets the bipolar/unipolar mode setting.

Command	[SOURce:]FUNCtion:POLarity {BIPolar UNIPolar}
	[SOURce:]FUNCtion:POLarity?

Parameter	Value:	BIPolar	Bipolar mode (default)
		UNIPolar	Unipolar mode

Response Returns the setting in <character> format in response to the FUNC:POL? query.

Selecting the Signal Source (Internal or External) and Setting the External Signal Source

FUNC:SOUR

Sets the signal source (internal, external, or both).

Command [SOURce:]FUNCtion:SOURce {INTernal|EXTernal|BOTH}
[SOURce:]FUNCtion:SOURce?

Parameter	Value:	INTernal	Internal signal source (default)
		EXTernal	External signal source
		BOTH	Internal signal source and external signal source are added (ADD)

Response Returns the setting in <character> format in response to the FUNC:SOUR? query.





* RST * RCL

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FUNC:EXT:TERM

* RST * RCL

Selects the external signal source terminal.

Command [SOURce:]FUNCtion:EXTernal:TERMinal {BNC|J1|BOTH}
[SOURce:]FUNCtion:EXTernal:TERMinal?

Parameter	Value:	BNC	BNC terminal (default)
		J1	J1 connector
		BOTH	BNC terminal + J1 connector

Response Returns the setting in <character> format in response to the FUNC:EXT:TERM? query.

FUNC:EXT:CURR:GAIN FUNC:EXT:VOLT:GAIN

* RST * RCL

Sets the gain of the external signal source BNC terminal input.

Command	-	e:]FUNCtion:EXTernal:CURRent:GAIN { <numeric> MIN MAX} e:]FUNCtion:EXTernal:VOLTage:GAIN {<numeric> MIN MAX}</numeric></numeric>
Command	-	e:]FUNCtion:EXTernal:CURRent:GAIN? [{MIN MAX}] e:]FUNCtion:EXTernal:VOLTage:GAIN? [{MIN MAX}]
Parameter	Value:	PBZ20-20/ PBZ20-20A: 0 to 20 (CV or CC mode) PBZ40-10: 0 to 40 (CV mode), 0 to 10 (CC mode) PBZ60-6.7: 0 to 60 (CV mode), 0 to 6.7 (CC mode) PBZ80-5: 0 to 80 (CV mode), 0 to 5 (CC mode) (The default value is 0.)
	Unit:	A/V or V/V
Response	Returns t	the gain in <nr3> format in response to the FUNC FXT CURR GAIN? and</nr3>

Response Returns the gain in <NR3> format in response to the FUNC:EXT:CURR:GAIN? and FUNC:EXT:VOLT:GAIN? queries.

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VOLT

DC Signal Setting

CURR First *RCL Sets the DC signal voltage and current. Command [SOURce:]VOLTage[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] {<numeric>|MIN|MAX} [SOURce:]CURRent[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]? {<numeric>|MIN|MAX} Command [SOURce:]VOLTage[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]? [{MIN|MAX}] [SOURce:]CURRent[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]? [{MIN|MAX}] Parameter Value: 0 % to 105 % of the rated output (The default value is 0 % of the rated output.) Unit: V or A

Response Returns the voltage setting in <NR3> format in response to the VOLT? and CURR? queries.

VOLT:TRIG CURR:TRIG

Sets the DC signal voltage and current when software triggers are received.

Command	- { <nu [SOURc</nu 	e:]VOLTage[:LEVel]:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude] meric> MIN MAX} e:]CURRent[:LEVel]:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude] meric> MIN MAX}
Command	-	e:]VOLTage[:LEVel]:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude]? [{MIN MAX}] e:]CURRent[:LEVel]:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude]? [{MIN MAX}]
Parameter	Value:	0 % to 105 % of the rated output
	Unit:	V or A
Response	Returns t	he setting in <nr3> format in response to the VOLTTRIG2 and CLIRRTRIG2</nr3>

Response Returns the setting in <NR3> format in response to the VOLT:TRIG? and CURR:TRIG? queries.

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AC Signal Command

Setting the AC Signal On/Off State

AC:STAT

* RST * RCL

.....

Sets the AC signal on/off state.

Command [SOURce:]AC:STATe {ON|OFF|1|0} [SOURce:]AC:STATe?

Parameter	Value:	ON (1)	On
		OFF (0)	Off (default)

Response Returns the AC signal on/off state in <NR1> format in response to the AC:STAT? query.

AC:STAT:TRIG

Sets the AC signal on/off state when software triggers are received.

Command	[SOURce:]AC:STATe:TRIGgered {ON OFF 1 0} [SOURce:]AC:STATe:TRIGgered?			
Parameter	Value:	ON (1) OFF (0)	On Off	
Response	Returns query.	the AC signal	on/off state in <nr1> format in response to the AC:STAT:TRIG?</nr1>	

Fixed Waveforms and User-defined Arbitrary Waveforms

FUNC

* RST * RCL

Selects the AC signal waveform.

Command	[SOURce:]FUNCtion[:SHAPe][:IMMediate]
	{SINusoid SQUare TRIangle USER[1]USER16}
	[SOURce:]FUNCtion[:SHAPe][:IMMediate]?

Parameter	Value:	SINusoid	Sine wave(default)
		SQUare	Square wave
		TRIangle	Triangle wave
		USER[1] to USER16	User-defined arbitrary waveform (ARB1 to ARB16)

Response Returns the AC signal waveform type in <character> format in response to the FUNC? query.

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FUNC:TRIG

Selects the AC signal waveform when software triggers are received. The settable ranges for the VOLT:TRIG, CURR:TRIG, VOLT:AC:TRIG, and CURR:AC:TRIG commands differ based on the FUNC:TRIG setting. When this command is received, the PBZ first checks the relationship between these settings. To ensure proper operation, send the FUNC:TRIG command first. When the FUNC:TRIG command is received, the PBZ immediately sets the VOLT:TRIG, CURR:TRIG, VOLT:AC:TRIG, and CURR:AC:TRIG values to the current values.

Command [SOURce:]FUNCtion[:SHAPe]:TRIGgered {SINusoid|SQUare|TRIangle|USER[1]..USER16} [SOURce:]FUNCtion[:SHAPe]:TRIGgered?

Parameter	Value:	SINusoid	Sine wave
		SQUare	Square wave
		TRIangle	Triangle wave
		USER[1] to USER16	User-defined arbitrary waveform

Response Returns the AC signal waveform type in <character> format.

USER{[1]|2|...|16}:TITL

Sets the user-defined arbitrary waveform's title to a string of 15 characters in length. A space character(0x20) is inserted automatically in case of a string of less than 15 characters in length. The user-defined arbitrary waveforms are from USER1 to USER16. You can write USER1 as USER (omitting the "1").

Command	[SOURce:]USER{[1] 2 16}:TITLe <"string">
	[SOURce:]USER{[1] 2 16}:TITLe?

Parameter Value: "string"

Example "My Waveform"

Response Returns the user-defined arbitrary waveform's title in <"string"> format.

USER{[1]|2|...|16}:DATA:FORM:BORD

Sets the binary transmission data byte order of the user-defined arbitrary waveform. This command cannot be used with the RS232C interface.

Command	{NOR	Mal SWAPpe] 2 16}:DATA:FORMat:BORDer ed} .] 2 16}:DATA:FORMat:BORDer?
Parameter	Value:	NORMal SWAPped	Big endian (most significant byte first) Little endian (least significant byte first)

Response Returns the binary transmission data byte order of the user-defined arbitrary waveform in <character> format.

USER{[1]|2|...|16}:DATA

Sets the user-defined arbitrary waveform pattern. The user-defined arbitrary waveforms are from USER1 to USER16. You can write USER1 as USER (omitting the "1"). This command cannot be used with the RS232C interface or LAN interface.

To use the RS232C or LAN interface to set a user-defined arbitrary waveform pattern, use USER{[1]|2|...|16}:DATA:VAL.

Command [SOURce:]USER{[1]|2|..|16}:DATA <arbitrary block data>
 [SOURce:]USER{[1]|2|..|16}:DATA?

Parameter Value: Arbitrary block data (in binary block format)

Response Returns the user-defined arbitrary waveform pattern in <arbitrary block data> format.

Binary block format data

Waveform data is represented as integer values that are composed of 2 bytes (16 bits) of binary data. Therefore, the total number of bytes used for a waveform's data is the number of data points in the waveform times two. This number is always even. For example, if the number of waveform data points is 1024, the total number of bytes in the waveform data is 2048.

Example USER2:DATA #420487	FFF80007FFF7FFF8000
# 4 2 0 4 8 Number of bytes that follow Number of digits that follow (these represent the number of bytes)	
Start of the data block	Data points 0 1024 (2048 bytes)
7FFF (H) 32767	Order setting for the pairs of bytes for each data point USER2:DATA:FORM:BORD
Signed 16-bit	NORM: <u>7</u> FFF SWAP: <u>FF7F</u>
8000 (H) -32768 •	1024

USER{[1]|2|...|16}:DATA:VAL

Sets the waveform data relative to the waveform peak value for any of 1024 divisions of one period of a user-defined arbitrary waveform. These waveform divisions are referred to as "addresses." The user-defined arbitrary waveforms are from USER1 to USER16. You can write USER1 as USER (omitting the "1").

Command [SOURce:]USER{[1]|2|..|16}:DATA:VALue <addr_NR1>,<data_NR1> [SOURce:]USER{[1]|2|..|16}:DATA:VALue? <addr_NR1>

Parameter <addr_NR1>Address Value: 0 to 1023

<data_NR1>Waveform data

Value: -32768 to +32767

- Example USER10:DATA:VAL 0,32767 Sets address 0 of the user-defined arbitrary waveform pattern to 32767. To enter data for a square wave, set addresses 0 to 511 to +32767, and set addresses 512 to 1023 to -32768.
- **Response** Returns the value at an address in a user-defined arbitrary waveform pattern in <NR1> format.

Signal Amplitude, Frequency, and Start Phase, and Square Wave Duty Cycle

VOLT:AC	* RST * RCL		
	Sets the AC signal voltage.		
Command	[SOURce:]VOLTage:AC[:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] { <numeric> MIN MAX} [SOURce:]VOLTage:AC[:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]? [{MIN MAX}]</numeric>		
Parameter	Value: 0 % to 105 % of the rated output voltage (The default value is 0 % of the rated output voltage.)		
	Unit: VPP		
Response	Returns the setting in <nr3> format in response to the VOLT:AC? query.</nr3>		
CURR:AC	* RST * RCL		
	Sets the AC signal current.		
Command	[SOURce:]CURRent:AC[:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] { <numeric> MIN MAX} [SOURce:]CURRent:AC[:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]? [{MIN MAX}]</numeric>		
Parameter	Value: 0 % to 105 % of the rated output		

(The default value is 0 % of the rated output current.)

Response Returns the setting in <NR3> format in response to the CURR:AC? query.

Unit:

APP

VOLT:AC:TRIG CURR:AC:TRIG

Sets the AC signal voltage and current when software triggers are received.

Command	[SOURce:]VOLTage:AC:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude]{ <numeric> MIN MAX} [SOURce:]CURRent:AC:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude]{<numeric> MIN MAX}</numeric></numeric>			
Command	[SOURce:]VOLTage:AC:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude]? [{MIN MAX}] [SOURce:]CURRent:AC:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude]? [{MIN MAX}]			
Parameter	Value:0 % to 105 % of the rated outputUnit:VPP or APP			
Response	Returns the setting in <nr3> format in response to the VOLT:AC:TRIG? and CURR:AC:TRIG? queries.</nr3>			
FREQ	* RST * RCL			
	Sets the AC signal frequency.			
Command	[SOURce:]FREQuency[:IMMediate] { <numeric> MIN MAX}</numeric>			

[SOURce:]FREQuency[:IMMediate]? [{MIN|MAX}]

Parameter V	Value:	PBZ20-20/PE	3Z40-10/PBZ60-6.7/PBZ80-5:
		+1.0E-02 Hz	to +1.0E+05 Hz (The default value is 1 kHz.)
		Maximum	CV mode: +1.0È+05 (100 kHz) CC mode: +1.0E+05 (100 kHz)
		PBZ20-20A:	

+1.0E-02 Hz to +2.0E+05 Hz (The default value is 1 kHz.) Maximum CV mode: +2.0E+05 (200 kHz) CC mode: +2.0E+05 (200 kHz)

Unit: HZ

Response Returns the setting in <NR3> format in response to the FREQ? query.

FREQ:TRIG

Sets the AC signal frequency when software triggers are received.

Command	-		cy:TRIGgered{ <numeric> MIN MAX} cy:TRIGgered? [{MIN MAX}]</numeric>
Parameter	Value:	+1.0E-02 Hz	3Z40-10/PBZ60-6.7/PBZ80-5: to +1.0E+05 Hz CV mode: +1.0E+05 (100 kHz) CC mode: +1.0E+05 (100 kHz)
			to +2.0E+05 Hz CV mode: +2.0E+05 (200 kHz) CC mode: +2.0E+05 (200 kHz)
	Unit:	HZ	

Response Returns the setting in <NR3> format in response to the FREQ:TRIG? query.

PHAS

Sets the AC signal start phase angle.

Command	[SOURce:]PHASe { <numeric> MIN MAX},{ON OFF 1 0} [SOURce:]PHASe?</numeric>		
Parameter	Value: Unit:	0 to 359 (The DEG (degree	e default value is 0.) es)
Parameter	Value:	ON (1) OFF (0)	Set the start phase angle (default) Do not set the start phase angle
Response	Returns the start phase angle setting and whether the start phase angle is set or not in <nr3>,<nr1> format in response to the PHAS? query.</nr1></nr3>		

SQU:DCYC

* RST * RCL

* RST * RCL

* RST * RCL

Sets the square wave signal duty cycle.

Command	-	OURce:]SQUare:DCYCle { <numeric> MIN MAX} OURce:]SQUare:DCYCle? [{MIN MAX}]</numeric>		
Parameter	Value:	0.1 % to 99.9 % (The default value is 50.0 %.) The settable range depends on the settings of the AC signal frequency.		
	Unit:	PCT		

Response Returns the setting in <NR3> format in response to the SQU:DCYC? query.

Frequency Sweep

SWE:STAT

Turns the AC signal frequency sweep on and off.

- Command [SOURce:]SWEep:STATe {ON|OFF|1|0}
 [SOURce:]SWEep:STATe?
- Parameter
 Value:
 ON (1)
 Frequency sweeps are executed.

 OFF (0)
 Frequency sweeps are not executed (default).
- **Response** Returns whether frequency sweeps are on or off in <NR1> format in response to the SWE:STAT? query.

SWE:SPAC	;		* RST * RCL		
	Sets the AC signal frequency sweep mode.				
Command	[SOURce:]SWEep:SPACing {LOGarithmic LINear} [SOURce:]SWEep:SPACing?				
Parameter	Value:	lue: LOGarithmic Logarithmic sweep (default) LINear Linear sweep			
Response	Returns the AC signal frequency sweep mode in <character> format in response to the SWE:SPAC? query.</character>				
SWE:TIME	Sets the AC signal frequency sweep time.				
Command	[SOURce:]SWEep:TIME { <numeric> MIN MAX} [SOURce:]SWEep:TIME? [{MIN MAX}]</numeric>				
Parameter	Value: Unit:	0.0001 to 1000 (The default value is 1.) S			
Response	Returns the sweep time in <nr3> format in response to the SWE:TIME? query.</nr3>				
SWE:FREG SWE:FREG	STOP)	*RST *RCL		
	Sets the <i>i</i>	AC signal frequency sweep start and stop frequencies.			
Command	[SOURce:]SWEep:FREQuency:STARt[:IMMediate] { <numeric> MIN MAX} [SOURce:]SWEep:FREQuency:STOP[:IMMediate] {<numeric> MIN MAX}</numeric></numeric>				
Command	[SOURce:]SWEep:FREQuency:STARt[:IMMediate]? [{MIN MAX}] [SOURce:]SWEep:FREQuency:STOP[:IMMediate]? [{MIN MAX}]				
Parameter	Value:	PBZ20-20/PBZ40-10/PBZ60-6.7/PBZ80-5: CV mode +1.0E-2 Hz to +1.0E+05 Hz CC mode +1.0E-2 Hz to +1.0E+05 Hz The default start frequency is 100 Hz. The default stop frequency is 1 kHz.			
		PBZ20-20A: CV mode +1.0E-2 Hz to +2.0E+05 Hz CC mode +1.0E-2 Hz to +2.0E+05 Hz The default start frequency is 100 Hz. The default stop frequency is 1 kHz.			
	Unit:	HZ			

Unit: HZ

Response Returns the start or stop frequency in <NR3> format in response to the SWE:FREQ:STAR? or SWE:FREQ:STOP? query.

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MARK

* RST * RCL

Sets the type of output that the TRIG OUT terminal generates. Select MARKER signals or SYNC signals. The setting of the type of the TRIG OUT terminalt output is valid when trigger signal output setting is on.

Command	[SOURce:]MARKer	$\{ON OFF 1 0\}$
	[SOURce:]MARKer?	•

Parameter	Value:	ON (1)	MARKER signals
		OFF (0)	SYNC signals (default)

Response Returns the type of output that the TRIG OUT terminal generates in <NR1> format in response to the MARK? query.

MARK:FPO

* RST * RCL

Sets the marker frequency of the AC signal frequency sweep.

Command [SOURce:]MARKer:FPOint {<numeric>|MIN|MAX} [SOURce:]MARKer:FPOint? [{MIN|MAX}] Parameter Value: PBZ20-20/PBZ40-10/PBZ60-6.7/PBZ80-5: CV mode +1.0E-2 Hz to +1.0E+05 Hz (The default value is 500 Hz.) +1.0E-2 Hz to +1.0E+05 Hz (The default value is 500 Hz.) CC mode The settable frequency range is greater than the start frequency and less than the stop frequency. MIN is the sweep start or stop frequency, whichever is lower. MAX is the sweep start or stop frequency, whichever is higher. PBZ20-20A: +1.0E-2 Hz to +2.0E+05 Hz (The default value is 500 Hz.) CV mode CC mode +1.0E-2 Hz to +2.0E+05 Hz (The default value is 500 Hz.) The settable frequency range is greater than the start frequency and less than the stop frequency. MIN is the sweep start or stop frequency, whichever is lower. MAX is the sweep start or stop frequency, whichever is higher.

Unit: HZ

Response Returns the marker frequency in <NR3> format in response to the MARK:FPO? query.

Collective Settings (Waveform, Frequency, Signal Amplitude, and DC Signal)

APPL:DC APPL:SIN APPL:SQU APPL:TRI			
APPL:05E APPL	R{[1] 2 16}		
	Collectively sets the signal type, AC signal frequency, AC signal amplitude, and DC signal setting.		
Command	DC signal. AC signal frequency and AC signal amplitude are void. [SOURce:]APPLy:DC <freq_numeric>,<ac_numeric>,<dc_numeric></dc_numeric></ac_numeric></freq_numeric>		
Command	AC signal (sine wave) [SOURce:]APPLy:SIN <freq_numeric>[,<ac_numeric>[,<dc_numeric>]]</dc_numeric></ac_numeric></freq_numeric>		
Command	AC signal (square wave) [SOURce:]APPLy:SQU <freq_numeric>[,<ac_numeric>[,<dc_numeric>]]</dc_numeric></ac_numeric></freq_numeric>		
Command	AC signal (triangular wave) [SOURce:]APPLy:TRI <freq_numeric>[,<ac_numeric>[,<dc_numeric>]]</dc_numeric></ac_numeric></freq_numeric>		
Command	<pre>Arbitrary waveform (USER{[1] 2 16}) [SOURce:]APPLy:USER{[1] 2 16} <freq_numeric>[,<ac_numeric> [,<dc_numeric>]]</dc_numeric></ac_numeric></freq_numeric></pre>		
Command	[SOURce:]APPLy?		
Parameter	<freq_numeric> AC signal frequency Value: PBZ20-20/PBZ40-10/PBZ60-6.7/PBZ80-5: CV mode +1.0E-2 Hz to +1.0E+05 Hz (AC signal) CC mode +1.0E-2 Hz to +1.0E+05 Hz (AC signal) PBZ20-20A: CV mode +1.0E-2 Hz to +2.0E+05 Hz (AC signal) CC mode +1.0E-2 Hz to +2.0E+05 Hz (AC signal)</freq_numeric>		
	Unit: HZ		
Parameter	<ac_numeric> AC signal amplitude Value: 0 % to 105 % of the rated output (AC signal) Unit: VPP or APP</ac_numeric>		
Parameter			
	Unit: V or A When you are setting the DC signal, frequency and amplitude settings for the AC signal are invalid.		
Response	Returns the signal type (DC, SIN, SQU, TRI, USER{1 2 16}), AC signal frequency, AC signal amplitude, and DC signal setting in the following order in response to APPLy?. <character>,<nr3>,<nr3>,<nr3></nr3></nr3></nr3></character>		

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Amplifier Responses

CURR:RESP VOLT:RESP

* RST * RCL

Sets the amplifier's response. Set this separately for CV mode and CC mode.

Command				<pre>[<numeric> MIN MAX} [<numeric> MIN MAX}</numeric></numeric></pre>
Command	-	-		[{MIN MAX}] [{MIN MAX}]
Parameter	Value:	CC mode (PE 35 US 100 US 350 US 1 MS	3Z20-20/ PBZ60 35 μs (default) 100 μs 350 μs 1 ms	-6.7/ PBZ80-5)
Parameter	Value:	CC mode (PE 70 US 100 US 350 US 1 MS	3Z40-10) 70 μs (default) 100 μs 350 μs 1 ms	
Parameter	Value: Unit:	CV mode (PE 3.5 US 10 US 35 US 100 US US and MS	8Z models) 3.5 μs (default) 10 μs 35 μs 100 μs	

Response Returns the response in <NR3> format in response to the CURR:RESP? and VOLT:RESP? queries.

Output, Trigger Signals, and Screen Contrast

Turning Output On and Off

OUTP

* RST * RCL

.

Turns output on and off.

Command OUTPut[:STATe][:IMMediate] {ON|OFF|1|0}
OUTPut[:STATe][:IMMediate]?

Parameter	Value:	ON (1)	Turns output on
		OFF (0)	Turns output off (default)

Response Returns whether output is on or off in <NR1> format in response to the OUTP? query.

* RST * RCL

* RST * RCL

* RST * RCL

OUTP:TRIG

Turns output on and off when software triggers are received.

Command		[:STATe]:1 [:STATe]:1	RIGgered {ON OFF 1 0} RIGgered?
Parameter	Value:	ON (1) OFF (0)	Turns output on Turns output off

Response Returns whether output is on or off in <NR1> format in response to the OUTP:TRIG? query.

OUTP:PON:STAT

Sets whether output turns on or off when the PBZ turns on.

Command	OUTPut:PON:STATe {RST AUTO} OUTPut:PON:STATe?		
Parameter	Value:	RST AUTO	Output is off when the PBZ turns on (default). Output turns on when the PBZ turns on.
Response	Returns whether output turns on or off when the PBZ turns on in <character> format in response to the OUTP:PON:STAT? query.</character>		

OUTP:EXT

Sets the polarity of the external control signal that is used to turn output on.

Command		:EXTernal :EXTernal	{NORMal INVerted} ?
Parameter	Value:	NORMal INVerted	A high level signal turns the output on (default). A low level signal turns the output on.
Response		he polarity of t <t? query.<="" th=""><th>the external control signal in <character> format in response to the</character></th></t?>	the external control signal in <character> format in response to the</character>

Option Output

OUTP:PORT

Turns signal output from the J1 connector and option terminal on and off.

Command	OUTPut OUTPut	: PORT {ON : PORT?	OFF 1 0}
Parameter	Value:	ON (1) OFF (0)	Generate signal output Do not generate signal output (default)

Response Returns whether output is on or off in <NR1> format in response to the OUTP:PORT? query.

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Trigger Signals (TRIG IN and TRIG OUT)

OUTP:TRIG:STAT

Turns trigger signal output (TRIG OUT) on and off. When trigger signal output setting is on, the TRIG OUT terminal can transmit MARKER or SYNC signals.

Command	OUTPut:TRIGger:STATe {ON OFF 1 0}	
	OUTPut:TRIGger:STATe?	

Parameter	Value:	ON (1)	Generate trigger signal output
		OFF (0)	Do not generate trigger signal output (default)

Response Returns whether trigger signal output (TRIG OUT) is on or off in <NR1> format in response to the OUTP:TRIG:STAT? query.

OUTP:TRIG:POL

Sets the polarity of the trigger signal output (TRIG OUT).

Command OUTPut:TRIGger:POLarity {POSitive|NEGative} OUTPut:TRIGger:POLarity?

Parameter	Value:	POSitive	Rising (default)
		NEGative	Falling

Response Returns the polarity of the trigger signal output (TRIG OUT) in <character> format in response to the OUTP:TRIG:POL? query.

INP:TRIG:POL

Sets the polarity of the trigger signal input (TRIG IN).

- **Command** INPut:TRIGger:POLarity {POSitive|NEGative} INPut:TRIGger:POLarity?
- Parameter Value: POSitive High level (default) NEGative Low level
- **Response** Returns the polarity of the trigger signal input (TRIG IN) in <character> format in response to the INP:TRIG:POL? query.

Screen Contrast

DISP:CONT

Sets the screen contrast.

Command	DISPlay:CONTrast	<pre>{<numeric> MIN MAX}</numeric></pre>
	DISPlay:CONTrast?	[{MIN MAX}]

Parameter Value: 0.0 to 1.0 (The default value is 0.7.) Unit: None

Response Returns the screen contrast in <NR3> format in response to the DISP:CONT? query.



* RST * RCL

* RST * RCL

* RST * RCL

Protection Features Commands

Mode

CURR:PROT:STAT VOLT:PROT:STAT

* RST * RCL

Sets the mode (I/V-LIMIT or OCP/OVP) of the overvoltage and overcurrent protection features.

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Command [SOURce:]CURRent:PROTection:STATe {LIMit|TRIP} [SOURce:]VOLTage:PROTection:STATe {LIMit|TRIP}

- **Command** [SOURce:]CURRent:PROTection:STATe? [SOURce:]VOLTage:PROTection:STATe?
- Parameter Value: LIMit Voltage or current limit is used.(default) TRIP OVP/OCP is used.

Returns the mode in <character> format in response to the {CURR|VOLT}:PROT:STAT? query.

Activation points (OCP/OVP)

Use SYST:CONF:BTR:PROT to set the protection operation to perform (power off or output off) when OCP or OVP is activated.

CURR:PROT:OVER VOLT:PROT:OVER

* RST * RCL

.

Sets the value of the positive OCP or OVP trip point for the current or voltage.

Command	[SOURce:]CURRent:PROTection[:LEVel]:OVER { <numeric> MIN MAX} [SOURce:]VOLTage:PROTection[:LEVel]:OVER {<numeric> MIN MAX}</numeric></numeric>		
Command	-	e:]CURRent:PROTection[:LEVel]:OVER? [{MIN MAX}] e:]VOLTage:PROTection[:LEVel]:OVER? [{MIN MAX}]	
Parameter	Value: Unit:	+1 % to +110 % of the rated value (The default value is +110 % of the rated value.) A or V $$	
Response	Returns the setting in <nr3> format in response to the {CURR VOLT}:PROT:OVER? query.</nr3>		

CURR:PROT:UND VOLT:PROT:UND

* RST * RCL

Sets the value of the negative OCP or OVP trip point for the current or voltage.

Command	-	e:]CURRent:PROTection[:LEVel]:UNDer { <numeric> MIN MAX} e:]VOLTage:PROTection[:LEVel]:UNDer {<numeric> MIN MAX}</numeric></numeric>
Command	-	e:]CURRent:PROTection[:LEVel]:UNDer? [{MIN MAX}] e:]VOLTage:PROTection[:LEVel]:UNDer? [{MIN MAX}]
Parameter	Value: Unit:	-110 % to -1 % of the rated value (The default value is -110 % of the rated value.) A or V $$

Response Returns the setting in <NR3> format in response to the {CURR|VOLT}:PROT:UND? query.

Activation points (I.LIM/ V.LIM)

CURR:LIM:UPP VOLT:LIM:UPP

* RST * RCL

....

Sets the value of the positive I.LIM or V.LIM trip point for the current or voltage.

Command	-	e:]CURRent:LIMit[:LEVel]:UPPer { <numeric> MIN MAX} e:]VOLTage:LIMit[:LEVel]:UPPer {<numeric> MIN MAX}</numeric></numeric>
Command	-	e:]CURRent:LIMit[:LEVel]:UPPer? [{MIN MAX}] e:]VOLTage:LIMit[:LEVel]:UPPer? [{MIN MAX}]
Parameter	Value:	+1 % of rated value \leq +I.LIM \leq +110 % of the rated value -110 % of rated value \leq -V.LIM \leq +V.LIM \leq +110 % of the rated value (The default value is +110 % of the rated value.)
	Unit:	A or V

Response Returns the setting in <NR3> format in response to the {CURR|VOLT}:LIM:UPP? query.

CURR:LIM:LOW VOLT:LIM:LOW

* RST * RCL

Sets the value of the negative I.LIM or V.LIM trip point for the current or voltage.

Command	-	e:]CURRent:LIMit[:LEVel]:LOWer { <numeric> MIN MAX} e:]VOLTage:LIMit[:LEVel]:LOWer {<numeric> MIN MAX}</numeric></numeric>
Command	-	e:]CURRent:LIMit[:LEVel]:LOWer? [{MIN MAX}] e:]VOLTage:LIMit[:LEVel]:LOWer? [{MIN MAX}]
Parameter	Value:	-110 % of rated value \leq -1.LIM \leq -1 % of the rated value -110 % of rated value \leq -V.LIM \leq +V.LIM \leq +110 % of the rated value (The default value is -110 % of the rated value.)
	Unit:	A or V

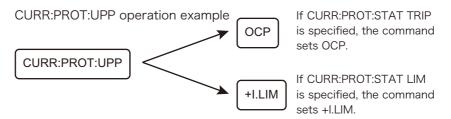
Response Returns the setting in <NR3> format in response to the {CURR|VOLT}:LIM:LOW? query.

Mode and activation points (legacy command)

The following commands were used up to firmware version 2.19. When creating a new program, use the commands listed under the aforementioned OVP or OCP trip point or V.LIM or I.LIM trip point.

The CURR:PROT:UPP and CURR:PROT:LOW commands apply to the protection mode (OCP or current limit) selected with CURR:PROT:STAT. The VOLT:PROT:UPP and VOLT:PROT:LOW commands apply to the protection mode (OVP or voltage limit) selected with VOLT:PROT:STAT. To use a program that you were using for firmware version 2.19 or earlier, check that the protection mode is set before the trip points are set.

Use SYST:CONF:BTR:PROT to set the protection operation to perform (power off or output off) when OVP or OCP is activated.



CURR:PROT:UPP

If CURR:PROT:STAT LIM is specified, this command sets the value of the positive I.LIM trip point. If CURR:PROT:STAT TRIP is specified, this command sets the value of the positive OCP trip point.

- Command [SOURce:]CURRent:PROTection[:LEVel]:UPPer {<numeric>|MIN|MAX} [SOURce:]CURRent:PROTection[:LEVel]:UPPer? [{MIN|MAX}]
- Parameter Value: +1 % to +110 % of the rated value (The default value is +110 % of the rated value.) Unit: A

Response Returns the setting in <NR3> format in response to the CURR:PROT:UPP? query.

VOLT:PROT:UPP

If VOLT:PROT:STAT LIM is specified, this command sets the value of the positive V.LIM trip point.

If VOLT:PROT:STAT TRIP is specified, this command sets the value of the positive OVP trip point.

Command [SOURce:]VOLTage:PROTection[:LEVel]:UPPer {<numeric>|MIN|MAX} [SOURce:]VOLTage:PROTection[:LEVel]:UPPer? [{MIN|MAX}]

 Parameter
 Value:
 -110 % of rated value ≤ -V.LIM ≤ +V.LIM ≤ +110 % of the rated value%

 (when VOLT:PROT:STAT LIM is specified)
 +1 % to +110 % of the rated value (when VOLT:PROT:STAT TRIP is specified)

 (The default value is +110 % of the rated value.)
 Unit:

Response Returns the setting in <NR3> format in response to the VOLT:PROT:UPP? query.

* RST * RCL

* RST * RCL

CURR:PROT:LOW

* RST * RCL

If CURR:PROT:STAT LIM is specified, this command sets the value of the negative I.LIM trip point.

If CURR:PROT:STAT TRIP is specified, this command sets the value of the negative OCP trip point.

Command [SOURce:]CURRent:PROTection[:LEVel]:LOWer {<numeric>|MIN|MAX} [SOURce:]CURRent:PROTection[:LEVel]:LOWer? [{MIN|MAX}]

- Parameter Value: -110 % to -1 % of the rated value (The default value is -110 % of the rated value.) Unit: A
- **Response** Returns the setting in <NR3> format in response to the CURR:PROT:LOW? query.

VOLT:PROT:LOW

* RST * RCL

If VOLT:PROT:STAT LIM is specified, this command sets the value of the negative V.LIM trip point.

If VOLT:PROT:STAT TRIP is specified, this command sets the value of the negative OVP trip point.

Command [SOURce:]VOLTage:PROTection[:LEVel]:LOWer {<numeric>|MIN|MAX} [SOURce:]VOLTage:PROTection[:LEVel]:LOWer? [{MIN|MAX}]

 Parameter
 Value:
 -110 % of rated value ≤ -V.LIM ≤ +V.LIM ≤ +110 % of the rated value% (when VOLT:PROT:STAT LIM is specified)

 -110 % to -1 % of the rated value (when VOLT:PROT:STAT TRIP is specified) (The default value is -110 % of the rated value.)

 Unit:
 V

Response Returns the setting in <NR3> format in response to the VOLT:PROT:LOW? query.

Clearing Alarms

OUTP:PROT:CLE

Clears alarms.

Command OUTPut: PROTection: CLEar

Measurement Function Commands

SENS:FUNC

* RST * RCL

Sets the measurement function.

Command SENSe: FUNCtion {DC|AC|DCAC|PEAK} SENSe: FUNCtion?

 Parameter
 Value:
 DC
 DC (default)

 AC
 AC RMS

 DCAC
 DC + AC RMS

 PEAK
 DC + the peak AC value

Response Returns the measurement function in <character> format in response to the SENS:FUNC? query.

SENS:APER

Sets the measurement time.

Command SENSe:APERture {<numeric>|MIN|MAX} SENSe:APERture? [{MIN|MAX}]

Parameter Value: 0.0001 to 3600 (The default value is 0.1.) Unit: S

Response Returns the measurement time in <NR3> format in response to the SENS:APER? query.

SENS:TRIG:SOUR

Sets the measurement start trigger source.

Command SENSe:TRIGger:SOURce {AUTO|INTernal|EXTPOS|EXTNEG} SENSe:TRIGger:SOURce?

Parameter	Value:	AUTO	Start measuring automatically (default).
		INTernal	Start measuring whenever a setting is changed.
		EXTPOS	Start measuring when a rising edge is applied to the TRIG IN terminal.
		EXTNEG	Start measuring when a falling edge is applied to the TRIG IN terminal.

Response Returns the measurement start trigger source in <character> format in response to the SENS:TRIG:SOUR? query.

* RST * RCL

* RST * RCL

SENS:TRIG:DEL

* RST * RCL

Sets the trigger delay.

Command	SENSe:TRIGger:DELay { <numeric> MIN MAX} SENSe:TRIGger:DELay? [{MIN MAX}]</numeric>		
Parameter		0.00000 to 3600 (The default value is 0.00000) S	
Response	Returns th	ne delay time in <nr3> format in response to the SENS:TRIG:DEL? query.</nr3>	

Trigger Function

The PBZ has the following four trigger functions.

• SEQuence1 (TRANsient)

Specify FUNCtion, FREQuency, CURRent (DC and AC), and VOLTage (DC and AC) settings in advance, and use trigger timing to set them.

- SEQuence2 (OUTPut)
 Specify OUTPUT ON/OFF settings in advance, and use trigger timing to set them.
- SEQuence3 (ACQuire)
 - Use trigger timing to start measuring or query the measured values.
- SEQuence4 (PROGram)

Use trigger timing to carry out PROGram or SCRipt execution. You have to specify the execution conditions in advance.

SEQuence1 (TRANsient)

The following table shows items that you can use trigger timing to set (<transient_item>). You can set the items immediately after a trigger occurs or wait for a software trigger and then set the items.

• CV mode

<transient_item></transient_item>	Description	See Page
[SOURce:]VOLTage[:LEVel]:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude]	DC signal voltage	26
[SOURce:]VOLTage:AC:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude]	AC signal voltage	31

• CC mode

<transient_item></transient_item>	Description	See Page
[SOURce:]CURRent[:LEVel]:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude]	DC signal current	26
[SOURce:]CURRent:AC:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude]	AC signal current	31

•

• CV mode and CC mode

<transient_item></transient_item>	Description	See Page
[SOURce:]AC:STAT:TRIGgered	AC signal: on/off	27
[SOURce:]FUNCtion[:SHAPe]:TRIGgered	AC signal waveform	28
[SOURce:]FREQuency:TRIGgered	AC signal frequency	31

INIT INIT:NAME TRAN

Starts the TRANsient trigger function.

```
Command INITiate[:IMMediate][:SEQuence[1]]
INITiate[:IMMediate]:NAME TRANsient
```

TRIG TRIG:TRAN

Executes a software trigger for the SEQuence1 (TRANsient) group.

Command TRIGger[:SEQuence[1]][:IMMediate] TRIGger:TRANsient[:IMMediate]

TRIG:SOUR TRIG:TRAN:SOUR

* RST * RCL

Sets an applicable trigger source for the SEQuence1 (TRANsient) group.

Command	<pre>TRIGger[:SEQuence[1]]:SOURce {BUS IMMediate}</pre>
	TRIGger[:SEQuence[1]]:SOURce?

Command TRIGger:TRANsient:SOURce {BUS|IMMediate}
TRIGger:TRANsient:SOURce?

Parameter	Value:	BUS	Software trigger
			Wait for a *TRG or IEEE 488.1 get (Group Execute Trigger)
			command, and then begin execution.
		IMMediate	Immediately begin execution (default)

Response Returns the current trigger source setting in <character> format.

SEQuence2 (OUTPut)

The following table shows the item that you can use trigger timing to set (<output_item>). You can set the item immediately after a trigger occurs or wait for a software trigger and then set the item.

<output_item></output_item>	Description	See Page
OUTput[:STATe]:TRIGgered	Output: on/off	37

INIT:SEQ2 INIT:NAME OUTP

Starts the OUTPut trigger function.

```
Command INITiate[:IMMediate]:SEQuence2
INITiate[:IMMediate]:NAME OUTPut
```

TRIG:SEQ2 TRIG:OUTP

Executes a software trigger for the SEQuence2 (OUTPut) group.

Command TRIGger:SEQuence2[:IMMediate]
TRIGger:OUTPut[:IMMediate]

TRIG:SEQ2:SOUR TRIG:OUTP:SOUR

* RST * RCL

Sets an applicable trigger source for the SEQuence2 (OUTPut) group.

- Command TRIGger:SEQuence2:SOURce {BUS|IMMediate}
 TRIGger:SEQuence2:SOURce?
- **Command** TRIGger:OUTPut:SOURce {BUS|IMMediate} TRIGger:OUTPut:SOURce?
- Parameter Value: BUS Software trigger Wait for a *TRG or IEEE 488.1 get (Group Execute Trigger) command, and then begin execution. IMMediate Immediately begin execution (default)

Response Returns the current trigger source setting in <character> format.

TRIG:SEQ2:SST:RISE TRIG:OUTP:SST:RISE * RST * RCL

Sets the soft start time for the SEQuence2 (OUTPut) group.

Command	TRIGger:SEQuence2:SSTart:RISE { <numeric> MIN MAX} TRIGger:SEQuence2:SSTart:RISE? [{MIN MAX}]</numeric>		
Command	TRIGger:OUTPut:SSTart:RISE { <numeric> MIN MAX} TRIGger:OUTPut:SSTart:RISE? [{MIN MAX}]</numeric>		
Parameter	Value: Unit:	0.0001 to 1000 (The default value is 0.0000.) S	

Response Returns the soft start time in <NR3> format.

TRIG:SEQ2:SST:FALL TRIG:OUTP:SST:FALL

* RST * RCL

Sets the soft stop time for the SEQuence2 (OUTPut) group.

- Command TRIGger:SEQuence2:SSTart:FALL {<numeric>|MIN|MAX}
 TRIGger:SEQuence2:SSTart:FALL? [{MIN|MAX}]
- Command TRIGger:OUTPut:SSTart:FALL {<numeric>|MIN|MAX}
 TRIGger:OUTPut:SSTart:FALL? [{MIN|MAX}]
- Parameter Value: 0.0001 to 1000 (The default value is 0.0000.) Unit: S

Response Returns the soft stop time in <NR3> format.

SEQuence3 (ACQuire)

The following table shows items that you can use trigger timing to measure (<meas_item>). You can measure the items immediately after a trigger occurs or wait for a software trigger and then measure the items.

<meas_item></meas_item>	Measurement description	See Page
VOLTage[:DC]	DC voltage	26
VOLTage:AC	AC voltage	30
VOLTage:{MINimum MAXimum}	Peak voltage, minimum, and maximum	-
CURRent[:DC]	DC current	26
CURRent:AC	AC current	30
CURRent:{MINimum MAXimum}	Peak current, minimum, and maximum	_

The following table shows the different measurement operations that are available (FETC, READ, and MEAS).

READ and MEASure operate exactly the same, as they are aliases.

Measurement operation and command syntax	Measurement operation description
:FETCh[:SCALar]: <meas_item>?</meas_item>	Query the measured value without starting a new measurement.
:READ[:SCALar]: <meas_item>? :MEASure[:SCALar]:<meas_item>?</meas_item></meas_item>	Start a new measurement, and query the measured value.

FETC:<meas_item>

Queries the measured value that is specified by <meas_item> without starting a new measurement.

- **Command** FETCh[:SCALar]:<meas item>?
- **Response** Returns the measured value in <NR3> (number of digits to the right of the decimal is 5) format.

READ:<meas_item> MEAS:<meas_item>

Starts a new measurement, and queries the measured value that is specified by <meas item>.

- Command READ[:SCALar]:<meas_item>?
 MEASure[:SCALar]:<meas_item>?
- **Response** Returns the measured value in <NR3> (number of digits to the right of the decimal is 5) format.

••••

INIT:SEQ3 INIT:NAME ACQ

Starts the ACQuire trigger function. When an INIT command is sent, the measured value that is currently saved is deleted and invalidated. If you send a FETC? query immediately after you send an INIT command, the PBZ returns the measured value after it completes the measurement.

Command INITiate[:IMMediate]:SEQuence3 INITiate[:IMMediate]:NAME ACQuire

TRIG:SEQ3 TRIG:ACQ

Executes a software trigger for the SEQuence3 (ACQuire) group.

Command TRIGger:SEQuence3[:IMMediate]
TRIGger:ACQuire[:IMMediate]

TRIG:SEQ3:SOUR TRIG:ACQ:SOUR

50

* RST * RCL

Sets an applicable trigger source for the SEQuence3 (ACQuire) group.

- Command TRIGger:SEQuence3:SOURce {BUS|IMMediate} TRIGger:SEQuence3:SOURce?
- **Command** TRIGger:ACQuire:SOURce {BUS|IMMediate} TRIGger:ACQuire:SOURce?
- Parameter Value: BUS Software trigger Wait for a *TRG or IEEE 488.1 get (Group Execute Trigger) command, and then begin measuring. IMMediate Immediately begin measuring (default)

Response Returns the current trigger source setting in <character> format.

SEQuence4 (PROGram)

This trigger function is used to carry out PROGram or SCRipt execution. You have to specify the execution conditions in advance. You can execute the program or script immediately after a trigger occurs or wait for a software trigger and then carry out execution.

INIT:SEQ4 INIT:NAME PROG

Starts the PROGram trigger function.

Command INITiate[:IMMediate]:SEQuence4 INITiate[:IMMediate]:NAME PROGram

TRIG:SEQ4 TRIG:PROG

Executes a software trigger for the SEQuence4 (PROgram) group.

Command TRIGger:SEQuence4[:IMMediate] TRIGger:PROGram[:IMMediate]

TRIG:SEQ4:SOUR TRIG:PROG:SOUR

* RST * RCL

Sets an applicable trigger source for the SEQuence4 (PROgram) group.

- Command TRIGger:SEQuence4:SOURce {BUS|IMMediate|EXTernal}
 TRIGger:SEQuence4:SOURce?
- **Command** TRIGger:PROGram:SOURce {BUS|IMMediate} TRIGger:PROGram:SOURce?

Parameter	Value:	BUS	Software trigger
			Wait for a *TRG or IEEE 488.1 get (Group Execute Trigger)
			command, and then begin execution.
		IMMediate	Immediately begin execution (default)
		EXTernal	Begin execution when an edge is applied to the TRIG IN terminal

Response Returns the current trigger source setting in <character> format.

SEQuence1 to SEQuence4 Shared Command

ABOR

Aborts measurement.

The PBZ's trigger state immediately after it turns on is the same as its trigger state after it receives an ABOR command.

If you send an ABOR command while the PBZ is executing measurements, the measured data is discarded.

If you send an ABOR command without first sending an INIT command and if the measurement data that is held in the PBZ is valid, the measured data is not discarded.

Command ABORt

Memory Function Commands

Preset Memory

MEM:PRES:RCL

Load	s prese	t memory	entries.

Command	MEMor	y:PRES	Set:RCL {1 2 3}
Parameter	Value:	1	Preset memory A
		2	Preset memory B
		3	Preset memory C

MEM:PRES:SAV

Saves the current settings to preset memory.

Command	MEMory	:PR	ESet:SAV {1 2 3}
Parameter	Value:	1	Preset memory A
		2	Preset memory B
		3	Preset memory C

Setup Memory

MEM:SET:RCL

Loads the setup memory entry that you specify by its memory number.

Command	MEMory:SETup:RCL	{0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9}
communa	MDMOLY.ODIUP.RCD	

Parameter Value: 0 to 9 Memory number

MEM:SET:SAV

Saves the current settings to the setup memory entry that you specify by its memory number.

```
Command MEMory:SETup:SAV {0|1|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9}
```

Parameter Value:

Parameter Value: 0 to 9 Memory number

MEM:SET:TITL

Specify the setup memory number and sets the name to a string of 15 characters in length. A space character(0x20) is inserted automatically in case of a string of less than 15 characters in length.

Command MEMory:SETup:TITLe {0|1|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9},<"string">
 MEMory:SETup:TITLe? {0|1|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9}

- Parameter Value: 0 to 9 Memory number
- Parameter Value: <"string"> Character string
- **Response** Returns the name of the setup memory entry in <"string"> format in response to the MEMory:SETup:TITLe? {0|1|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9} query.

Sequence Function Commands

Editing Programs and Steps

Selecting Programs

PROG:NAME

* RST * RCL

Selects the program that corresponds to the specified program number, or clears the current selection.

Command PROGram:NAME <"string"> PROGram:NAME? Parameter Value: "1" to "16" Program number

Parameter	Value:	"1" to "16"	Program number
		££73	Blank string (clears the current selection; default)

Response Returns the name of the program in <"string"> format in response to the PROG:NAME? query.

Editing Programs

PROG:EDIT:ADD

Adds the specified number of steps to the selected program. Steps are added after the program's final step.

Command PROGram:EDIT:ADD <NRf>

Parameter Value: 1 to 1024 Number of steps to add

PROG:EDIT:COUN

Queries the number of steps in the selected program.

- **Command PROGram:EDIT:COUNt?**
- **Response** Returns the number of steps in the program in <NR1> format in response to the PROG:EDIT:COUN? query.

PROG:EDIT:COUN:FREE

Queries the number of steps that can be added to the selected program.

- Command PROGram: EDIT: COUNt: FREE?
- **Response** Returns the number of steps that can be added to the program in <NR1> format in response to the PROG:EDIT:COUN:FREE? query.

PROG:EDIT:DEL

Deletes all of the selected program's steps.

Command PROGram:EDIT:DELete

PROG:EDIT:TITL

Sets the name of the selected program to a string of 15 characters in length. A space character(0x20) is inserted automatically in case of a string of less than 15 characters in length.

- Command PROGram:EDIT:TITLe <"string">
 PROGram:EDIT:TITLe?
- Parameter Value: "string" Example "My Program"
- **Response** Returns the selected program's name in <"string"> format.

PROG:EDIT:FUNC:MODE

Sets the selected program's CV/CC mode setting.

- **Command** PROGram:EDIT:FUNCtion:MODE {CC|CV} PROGram:EDIT:FUNCtion:MODE?
- Parameter Value: CC CC mode CV CV mode
- **Response** Returns the setting in <character> format in response to the PROG:EDIT:FUNC:MODE? query.

PROG:EDIT:FUNC:POL

Sets the selected program's bipolar/unipolar mode setting.

Command PROGram:EDIT:FUNCtion:POLarity {BIPolar|UNIPolar} PROGram:EDIT:FUNCtion:POLarity?

Parameter	Value:	BIPolar	Bipolar mode (default)
		UNIPolar	Unipolar mode

Response Returns the setting in <character> format in response to the PROG:EDIT:FUNC:POL? query.

PROG:EDIT:LOOP

Sets the number of times that the selected program will repeat.

Command	nd PROGram:EDIT:LOOP <nrf> PROGram:EDIT:LOOP?</nrf>			
Parameter	Value:	1 to 10000 10001 (infinity)		
Response	Returns the number of times that the program will repeat in <nr3> format in response to t PROG:EDIT:LOOP? query.</nr3>			

Selecting Steps

PROG:EDIT:STEP:SEL

Selects the selected program's step that corresponds to the specified step number.

Command		_	EP:SELect < EP:SELect?	NRf>
Parameter	Value:	1 to 1024	Step number:	The maximum value is the number of steps that have been added to the program.
Response				mat in response to the PROG:EDIT:STEP:SEL? os in the selected program.

Editing Steps (DC Signal Settings)

PROG:EDIT:STEP:CURR PROG:EDIT:STEP:VOLT

Sets the DC signal voltage, current, and how the signal will change over time for the selected step. If you specify IMMediate, the DC signal voltage and current are set to the specified values immediately at the start of the step. If you specify RAMP, the DC signal voltage and current increase or decrease gradually from the start of the step and are set to the specified values at the end of the step.

If the step time exceeds 1000 seconds, the DC signal level after 1000 seconds is the same as the DC signal stop setting (STOP). If you want to perform a ramp transition that takes longer than 1000 seconds, you have to combine multiple steps.

Command	PROGram:EDIT:STEP:VOLTage[:LEVel]		
	{ <numeric> MIN MAX}[,<character>]</character></numeric>		
	PROGram:EDIT:STEP:VOLTage[:LEVel]? [{MIN MAX}]		
Command	PROGram:EDIT:STEP:CURRent[:LEVel]		

{<numeric>|MIN|MAX}[,<character>]
PROGram:EDIT:STEP:CURRent[:LEVel]? [{MIN|MAX}]

Parameter	Value:	0 % to 105 % of the rated output
	Unit:	V or A

Parameter	Value:	IMMediate	Change levels immediately
		RAMP	Change levels gradually
		The default is	IMMediate.

Response Returns the settings in <NR3>,<character> format in response to the PROG:EDIT:STEP:VOLT? or PROG:EDIT:STEP:CURR? query.

PROG:EDIT:STEP:CURR:RAMP PROG:EDIT:STEP:VOLT:RAMP

Sets the value of the DC signal current and voltage at the start of the step when the selected step is set to RAMP (change gradually).

- **Command** PROGram:EDIT:STEP:VOLTage:RAMP {<numeric>|MIN|MAX} PROGram:EDIT:STEP:VOLTage:RAMP? [{MIN|MAX}]
- **Command** PROGram:EDIT:STEP:CURRent:RAMP {<numeric>|MIN|MAX} PROGram:EDIT:STEP:CURRent:RAMP? [{MIN|MAX}]
- Parameter Value: 0 % to 105 % of the rated output Unit: V or A
- **Response** Returns the setting in <NR3> format in response to the PROG:EDIT:STEP:VOLT:RAMP? or PROG:EDIT:STEP:CURR:RAMP? query.

Editing Steps (AC Signal Settings)

PROG:EDIT:STEP:FUNC

Sets the AC signal waveform of the selected step. There are three types of fixed waveforms (sine, square, and triangle waves), and you can store up to 16 user-defined arbitrary waveforms.

Command PROGram:EDIT:STEP:FUNCtion[:SHAPe]
 {SINusoid|SQUare|TRIangle|USER[1]..USER16}
 PROGram:EDIT:STEP:FUNCtion[:SHAPe]?

Parameter	Value:	SINusoid	Sine wave
		SQUare	Square wave
		TRlangle	Triangle wave
		USER[1] to USER16	User-defined arbitrary waveform

Response Returns the AC signal waveform type in <character> format in response to the PROG:EDIT:STEP:FUNC? query.

PROG:EDIT:STEP:CURR:AC PROG:EDIT:STEP:VOLT:AC

Sets the AC signal voltage, current, and how the signal will change over time for the selected step. If you specify IMMediate, the AC signal voltage and current are set to the specified values immediately at the start of the step. If you specify SWEep, the AC signal voltage and current increase or decrease gradually from the start of the step and are set to the specified values at the end of the step.

Command	PROGram:EDIT:STEP:VOLTage:AC		
	{ <numeric> MIN MAX}[,<chara< th=""><th>cter>]</th></chara<></numeric>	cter>]	
	PROGram:EDIT:STEP:VOLTage:AC? [{MIN MAX		

Command PROGram:EDIT:STEP:CURRent:AC
 {<numeric>|MIN|MAX}[,<character>]
 PROGram:EDIT:STEP:CURRent:AC? [{MIN|MAX}]

- Parameter Value: 0 % to 105 % of the rated output Unit: VPP or APP
- Parameter Value: IMMediate Change levels immediately SWEep Change levels gradually The default is IMMediate.
- **Response** Returns the settings in <NR3>,<character> format in response to the PROG:EDIT:STEP:VOLT:AC? or PROG:EDIT:STEP:CURR:AC? query.

PROG:EDIT:STEP:CURR:AC:SWE PROG:EDIT:STEP:VOLT:AC:SWE

Sets the value of the AC signal current and voltage at the start of the step when the selected step is set to SWEep (change gradually).

If the step time exceeds 1000 seconds, the AC signal amplitude level after 1000 seconds is the same as the stop amplitude setting (STOP). If you want to perform an AC signal amplitude sweep that takes longer than 1000 seconds, you have to combine multiple steps.

- **Command** PROGram:EDIT:STEP:CURRent:AC:SWEep {<numeric>|MIN|MAX} PROGram:EDIT:STEP:CURRent:AC:SWEep? [{MIN|MAX}]
- Parameter Value: 0 % to 105 % of the rated output Unit: VPP or APP
- **Response** Returns the setting in <NR3> format in response to the PROG:EDIT:STEP:VOLT:AC:SWE? or PROG:EDIT:STEP:CURR:AC:SWE? query.

PROG:EDIT:STEP:AC:STAT

Sets the selected step's AC signal on/off state.

Command PROGram:EDIT:STEP:AC:STATe {ON|OFF|1|0} PROGram:EDIT:STEP:AC:STATe?

Parameter	Value:	ON (1)	On
		OFF (0)	Off

Response Returns the selected step's AC signal on/off state in <NR1> format in response to the PROG:EDIT:STEP:AC:STAT? query.

PROG:EDIT:STEP:FREQ

Sets the AC signal frequency and how the frequency will change over time for the selected step. If you specify IMMediate, the AC signal frequency is set to the specified value immediately at the start of the step. If you specify SWEep, the AC signal frequency increases or decreases gradually from the start of the step and it is set to the specified value at the end of the step.

Command PROGram:EDIT:STEP:FREQuency {<numeric>|MIN|MAX}[,<character>] PROGram:EDIT:STEP:FREQuency? [{MIN|MAX}]

Parameter	Value:	PBZ20-20/PBZ40-10/PBZ60-6.7/PBZ80-5: +1.0E-02 Hz to +1.0E+05 Hz		
		Maximum	CV mode: +1.0E+05 (100 kHz) CC mode: +1.0E+05 (100 kHz)	
		PBZ20-20A:		
		+1.0E-02 Hz	to +2.0E+05 Hz	
		Maximum	CV mode: +2.0E+05 (200 kHz)	
			CC mode: +2.0E+05 (200 kHz)	
	Unit:	HZ		
Parameter	Value:	IMMediate	Change levels immediately	
		SWEep	Change levels gradually	
		The default is	s IMMediate.	
_				

Response Returns the settings in <NR3>,<character> format in response to the PROG:EDIT:STEP:FREQ? query.

PROG:EDIT:STEP:FREQ:SWE

Sets the AC signal frequency sweep mode and the frequency at the start of the step for the selected step.

If the step time exceeds 1000 seconds, the frequency sweep from the specified start frequency to the specified stop frequency is repeated after 1000 seconds. If you want to perform an AC signal frequency sweep that takes longer than 1000 seconds, you have to combine multiple steps.

Command PROGram:EDIT:STEP:FREQuency:SWEep
 [<character>], {<numeric>|MIN|MAX}
 PROGram:EDIT:STEP:FREQuency:SWEep? <character>[, {MIN|MAX}]

Parameter	Value:	LOG LINear	Logarithmic sweep Linear sweep
Parameter	Value:		BZ40-10/PBZ60-6.7/PBZ80-5: to +1.0E+05 Hz (start frequency) CV mode: +1.0E+05 (100 kHz) CC mode: +1.0E+05 (100 kHz)
	Unit:	PBZ20-20A: +1.0E-02 Hz Maximum HZ	to +2.0E+05 Hz (start frequency) CV mode: +2.0E+05 (200 kHz) CC mode: +2.0E+05 (200 kHz)

Response Returns the settings in <character>,<NR3> format in response to the PROG:EDIT:STEP:FREQ:SWE? query.

PROG:EDIT:STEP:PHAS

Sets AC signal start phase angle and whether to set the start phase angle or not for the selected step.

Command PROGram:EDIT:STEP:PHASe {<numeric>|MIN|MAX},{ON|OFF|1|0}
PROGram:EDIT:STEP:PHASe?

Parameter	Value:	0 to 359	
	Unit:	DEG (degree	es)
Parameter	Value:	ON (1) OFF (0)	Set the start phase angle Do not set the start phase angle

Response Returns the start phase angle setting and whether the start phase angle is set or not in <NR3>,<NR1> format in response to the PROG:EDIT:STEP:PHAS? query.

PROG:EDIT:STEP:SQU:DCYC

Sets the square wave signal duty cycle for the selected step.

- Parameter Value: 0.1 % to 99.9 % (The default value is 50.0 %.) Unit: PCT
- **Response** Returns the setting in <NR3> format in response to the PROG:EDIT:STEP:SQU:DCYC? query.

PBZ_INTERFACE

Editing Steps (Execution Time, Turning Output On and Off, and Trigger I/O)

PROG:EDIT:STEP:TIME

Sets the execution time for the selected step.

The DC signal ramp and AC signal amplitude sweep both stop after 1000 seconds. The AC signal frequency sweep repeats once every 1000 seconds. If you want to perform these functions for lengths of time exceeding 1000 seconds, you have to combine multiple steps.

- Parameter Value: 0.0001 to 3600000 Unit: S
- **Response** Returns the setting in <NR3> (number of digits to the right of the decimal is 5) format in response to the PROG:EDIT:STEP:TIME? query.

PROG:EDIT:STEP:STAT

Sets the selected step to turn output on or off and sets the selected step's trigger signal I/O.

Command	PROGram:EDIT:STEP:STATe {ON OFF 1 0},{ON OFF 1 0},{ON OFF 1 0} PROGram:EDIT:STEP:STATe?		
Parameter	Value:	ON (1) OFF (0)	Turns output on Turns output off
Parameter	Value:	ON (1) OFF (0)	Generate trigger signal output Do not generate trigger signal output
Parameter	Value:	ON (1) OFF (0)	Wait for trigger signal input Ignore trigger signal input
Response	Returns t	ne settinas in <	SNR1> <nr1> <nr1> format in response to t</nr1></nr1>

Response Returns the settings in <NR1>,<NR1>,<NR1> format in response to the PROG:EDIT:STEP:STAT? query.

•

Executing Programs

PROG:EXEC:STAT

Changes the execution state of the selected program.

Command PROGram: EXECute: STATe {RUN | PAUSE | STOP | CONTinue }

Parameter	Value:	RUN	Execute the program
		PAUSE	Pause execution
		STOP	Stop execution
		CONTinue	Continue execution

PROG:EXEC

Queries the execution state of the selected program.

Command PROGram:EXECuting?

Response Returns the execution state, time that has passed since execution began, the number of times that the program will repeat, the current step number, and the program number in <character>,<NR3> (number of digits to the right of the decimal is 5),<NR1>,<NR1>, <"string"> format in response to the PROG:EXEC? query.

Response format <character>: The execution state (RUN, PAUSE, STOP, or WAIT).

<NR3>: The time that has passed since execution began.

<NR1>: The number of times that the program will repeat.

- <NR1>: The current step number.
- <"string">: The program number.
- Example When the execution mode is RUN: RUN,+1.00000E+00,1,1,"1".

Example When the execution mode is STOP: STOP,0,0,-1,"".

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Editing Scripts

SCR:NAME

* RST * RCL

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Selects the script or clears the current selection.

Command	SCRipt:NAME <"string"> SCRipt:NAME?		
Parameter	Value:	"CC" "CV" ""	CC script CV script Blank string (clears the current selection; default)

Response Returns the name of the script in <"string"> format in response to the SCR:NAME? query.

SCR:EDIT

Sets the contents of the selected script.

Command	SCRipt SCRipt	:EDIT <"string"> :EDIT?	
Parameter	Value:	"DO Pn,Rn"	Selects a program number. Pn: Program number (1 to 16). Rn: The number of times Pn will repeat (1 to 10000; 10001 for infinity).
		"DO LOOP Ln"	Loop start command. Ln: The number of times the loop will repeat (1 to 10000; 10001 for infinity).
		"END LOOP"	Loop end command.
	Example	SCR:EDIT "DO P1,R1;I	DO P2,R1;DO LOOP L2;DO P3,R1;END LOOP"

Parameters are separated by semicolons.

Response Returns the script editing string in <"string"> format in response to the SCR:EDIT? query.

SCR:EDIT:TITL

Sets the name of the selected script to a string of 15 characters in length. A space character(0x20) is inserted automatically in case of a string of less than 15 characters in length.

- Command SCRipt:EDIT:TITLe <"string">
 SCRipt:EDIT:TITLe?
- Parameter Value: "string" Example "My SCRipt"
- **Response** Returns the selected script's name in <"string"> format.

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System Settings Commands

CONFIG Settings

SYST:CONF:BTR

Trips the breaker (turns the POWER switch off).

Command SYSTem:CONFigure:BTRip[:IMMediate]

SYST:CONF:BTR:PROT

Sets whether to trip the breaker or not when overvoltage protection (OVP) and overcurrent protection (OCP) are activated.

Command	SYSTem:CONFigure:BTRip:PROTection {ON OFF 1 0)}
	SYSTem:CONFigure:BTRip:PROTection?	

Parameter	Value:	ON (1)	Trip the breaker
		OFF (0)	Do not trip the breaker

Response Returns whether the breaker trips (the POWER switch turns off) or not in <NR1> format in response to the SYST:CONF:BTR:PROT? query.

SYST:CONF:PAR

Sets the number of units that are operating in parallel. This can only be set on the master unit. This cannot be set when the output is on. This setting is changed after the PBZ is reset.

Command SYSTem:CONFigure:PARallel {1|2|3|4|5} SYSTem:CONFigure:PARallel?

Parameter Value: 1 to 5 (The default value is 1.)

Response Returns the setting for the number of units that are operating in parallel in <NR1> format in response to the SYST:CONF:PAR? query.

SYST:CONF:MSL

Sets the PBZ's parallel operation mode. This setting is changed after the PBZ is reset.

Command	SYSTem:CONFigure:MSLave	{MASTer PARallel}
	SYSTem:CONFigure:MSLave?	?

Parameter	Value:	PARallel	Slave unit
		MASTer	Master unit or independent operation

Response Returns the parallel operation mode in <character> format in response to the SYST:CONF:MSL? query.

SYST:CONF:SYNC:OPER

* RST * RCL

Sets the PBZ's synchronous operation mode.

Command SYSTem:CONFigure:SYNC:OPERation {OFF|MASTer|SLAVe|STERmination} SYSTem:CONFigure:SYNC:OPERation?

- Parameter
 Value:
 OFF
 Do not perform synchronous operation (default)

 MASTer
 Master unit

 SLAVe
 Slave unit

 STERmination
 Slave end unit
- **Response** Returns the synchronous operation mode in <character> format in response to the SYST:CONF:SYNC:OPER? query.

SYST:CONF:TRAC

Executes a debug trace and sets whether communication errors are displayed or not. If you turn the debug trace feature on, error numbers, such as Err-100, are displayed on the screen.

Command	<pre>SYSTem:CONFigure:TRACe {ON OFF 1 0}</pre>	
	SYSTem:CONFigure:TRACe?	

- Parameter Value: ON (1) Communication errors are displayed. OFF (0) Communication errors are not displayed.
- **Response** Returns whether communication errors are displayed or not in <NR1> format in response to the SYST:CONF:TRAC? query.

SYST:CONF:PRES:RCL:MOD

* RST * RCL

Sets the method for loading preset memory entries.

Command SYSTem:CONFigure:PRESet:RCL:MODe {<numeric>|MIN|MAX}
SYSTem:CONFigure:PRESet:RCL:MODe?

Parameter	Value:	1	1KEY mode
		2	2KEY mode (default)

Response Returns the method for loading preset memory entries in <NR1> format in response to the SYST:CONF:PRES:RCL:MOD? query.

SYST:CONF:RSEN

Command	SYSTem:CONFigure:RSENsing {ON OFF 1 0} SYSTem:CONFigure:RSENsing?		
Parameter	Value:	ON (1) OFF (0)	Perform remote sensing Do not perform remote sensing
Response	Returns whether remote sensing is performed or not in <nr1> format in response to the SYST:CONF:RSEN? query.</nr1>		

SYST:CONF:KLOC:LEV

* RST * RCL

Sets the key lock security level for the front panel keys.

Command SYSTem:CONFigure:KLOCk:LEVel {1|2|3|MIN|MAX]}
SYSTem:CONFigure:KLOCk:LEVel?

Parameter	Value:	1 2	Level 1 Level 2
		3	Level 3 (default)
	Unit:	None	

Response Returns the key lock security level for the front panel keys in <NR1> format in response to the SYST:CONF:KLOC:LEV? query.

SYST:CONF:BEEP:STAT

Turns the buzzer on and off.

Command SYSTem:CONFigure:BEEPer:STATe {ON|OFF|1|0} SYSTem:CONFigure:BEEPer:STATe?

Parameter Value: ON (1) On (default) OFF (0) Off

Response Returns whether the buzzer is on or off in <NR1> format in response to the SYST:CONF:BEEP:STAT? query.

SYST:CONF:BEEP:VOL

Sets the buzzer volume.

Command SYSTem:CONFigure:BEEPer:VOLume {<numeric>|MIN|MAX} SYSTem:CONFigure:BEEPer:VOLume? [{MIN|MAX}]

Parameter Value: 0.0 to 1.0 (The default value is 1.0.) Unit: None.

Response Returns the buzzer volume setting in <NR3> format.

* RST * RCL

* RST * RCL

SYST:CONF:PON:STAT

* RST * RCL

Sets the power-on state.

Command	SYSTem:CONFigure:PON:STATe {DEFault LAST} SYSTem:CONFigure:PON:STATe?		
Parameter	Value:	LAST	The settings that were in use immediately before the POWER switch was turned off (default).
		DEFault	The factory default settings.
Response	Returns the power-on state in <character> format in response to the SYST:CONF:PON:STAT? query.</character>		

SYST:CONF:SEQ:PON:STAT

* RST * RCL

Sets the program or script to execute when the PBZ turns on.

Command	SYSTem:CONFigure:SEQuence:PON:STATe <"string"> SYSTem:CONFigure:SEQuence:PON:STATe?			
Parameter	Value.	"1" to "16"	Program number	

Parameter	Value:	"1" to "16"	Program number
		"CV"	CV script
		"CC"	CC script
			Blank string (clears the current selection; default)

Response Returns the name of the program or script to execute when the PBZ turns on in <"string"> format in response to the SYST:CONF:SEQ:PON:STAT query.

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Basic System Settings

SYST:ERR

Retrieves the oldest error from the error queue. The error queue can hold up to 255 errors. The error queue is cleared if a *CLS command is sent.

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Command SYSTem:ERRor[:NEXT]?
```

Response Returns the oldest error held in the error queue in <NR1>,<"string"> format.

Example If there are no errors:

0,"No error"

Example If there is a command error:

-100,"Command error"

SYST:KLOC

Locks and unlocks the panel keys.

Command		KLOCk {0] KLOCk?	$\{ON OFF 1 0 \}$	
Parameter	Value:	ON (1) OFF (0)	Lock the panel keys Unlock the panel keys	

Response Returns whether the panel keys are locked or not in <NR1> format.

SYST:LOC

Sets the PBZ to local mode (panel operation). This is a substitute command for the IEEE 488.1 REN message (Remote Enable). You can switch the PBZ back to remote mode by sending the SYST:REM or SYST:RWL command.

If the PBZ is using the GPIB interface, an SCPI error (-200, "Execution error") occurs.

Command SYSTem:LOCal

SYST:REM

Sets the PBZ to remote mode. All panel keys, except the LOCAL key, are locked. This is a substitute command for the IEEE 488.1 REN message (Remote Enable). This is also the substitute command for address specification.

You can switch the PBZ back to local mode by sending the SYST:LOC command.

If the PBZ is using the GPIB interface, an SCPI error (-200, "Execution error") occurs.

Command SYSTem:REMote

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SYST:RWL

Sets the PBZ to remote mode. All panel keys (including the LOCAL key) are locked. This is a substitute command for the IEEE 488.1 llo message (Local Lock Out). You can switch the PBZ back to local mode by sending the SYST:LOC command. If the PBZ is using the GPIB interface, an SCPI error (-200, "Execution error") occurs.

Command SYSTem:RWLock

SYST:OPT

Queries the options that are installed in the PBZ. This command performs the same function as the *OPT? command.

Command SYSTem:OPTion?

Response If the factory option LAN interface board is installed, "LAN" is returned. Returns "0" if no options are installed.

SYST:VERS

Queries the version of the SCPI specifications that the PBZ complies with.

Command SYSTem:VERSion?

Response Always returns 1999.0.

IEEE 488.2 and SCPI registers are used for status reports.

In each SCPI status register, there are the following sub registers: the CONDition register, the EVENt register, the ENABle register, the PTRansition filter, and the NTRansition filter.

The figure on page 73 shows the SCPI status register structure. A "+" represents the logical OR of the register bits.

The tables on pages 74 to 78 provide the bit numbers, bit weights, bit names, and the meaning of each bit.

CONDition register

The CONDition register transits automatically and reflects the condition of the PBZ in real time. Reading this register does not affect its contents.

EVENt register

The EVENt register bits are automatically set according to the changes in the CONDition register. The rule for setting the bits varies depending on the positive and negative transition filters (PTRansition and NTRansition). The EVENt register is reset when it is read.

ENABle register

The ENABle register enables reports to the summary bit or status bit of the event bits.

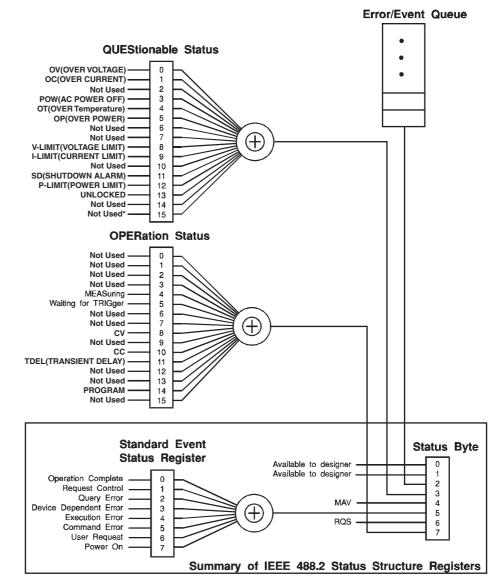
Transition filter

Use the PTRansition (positive transition) filter to report events when the condition changes from false to true.

Use the NTRansition (negative transition) filter to report events when the condition changes from true to false.

If both the positive filter and negative filter are set to true, events can be reported each time the status changes.

If both filters are cleared, event reporting is disabled.



SCPI status registers

* The use of Bit 15 is not allowed since some controllers may have difficulty reading a 16 bit unsigned integer. The value of this bit shall always be 0.

Partially changed SCPI Standard 1999.0 Volume 1 fig. 9-1

IEEE 488.2 Register Model

Status Byte Register

The status byte register stores STB and RQS (MSS) messages as defined by the IEEE 488.1 standard. The status byte register can be read by using IEEE 488.1 serial polling or the IEEE 488.2 common command *STB?.

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When the controller executes serial polling, bit 6 responds with request service (RQS). The status byte value is not changed by serial polling.

*STB? makes the PBZ transmit the contents of the status byte register and the master status summary (MSS) message.

*STB? does not change the status byte, MSS, and RQS.

Bit	Bit weight	Bit name	Description
0	1	Reserved	Reserved for future use by IEEE 488. The bit
1	2	Reserved	[–] value is notified as zero.
2	4	Error/Event Queue	If data exists in the error or event queue, this bit is set to true.
3	8	Questionable Status Register (QUES)	This bit is set to true when a bit is set in the QUEStionable event status register and the corresponding bit in the QUEStionable status enable register is true.
4	16	Message Available (MAV)	This bit is set to true when a request is received from the digital programming interface and the PBZ is ready to generate the data byte.
5	32	Standard Event Status Bit Summary (ESB)	This bit is set to true when a bit is set in the event status register.
6	64	Request Service (RQS)	This bit is set to true when a bit is set in the service request enable register and the corresponding bit exists in the status byte. The SRQ line of the GPIB is set.
		Master Status Summary (MSS)	This bit is set to true when any bit in the status byte register is set to 1 and the corresponding bit in the service request enable register is set to 1.
7	128	Operation Status Register (OPER)	This bit is set to true when a bit is set in the OPERation event status register and the corresponding bit in the OPERation status enable register is set.
8-15	-	NOT USED	_

Event Status Register (Standard Event Status Register)

The event status register bits are set when certain events occur during PBZ operation. All the event status register bits are set by the error event queue.

This register is defined by the IEEE 488.2 standard and is controlled by the IEEE 488.2 common commands *ESE, *ESE?, and *ESR?.

Bit	Bit weight	Bit name	Description
0	1	Operation Complete (OPC)	Set when an *OPC command is received and all operations in standby complete.
1	2	Request Control (RQC)	_
2	4	Query Error (QYE)	Set when an attempt is made to read data from the output queue when there is no data or when the output queue is not in the wait state. This indicates that there is no data in the output queue.
3	8	Device Dependent Error (DDE)	Set when there is a device-specific error.
4	16	Execution Error (EXE)	Set when the PBZ evaluates that the program data after the header is outside the formal input range or does not match the specifications of the PBZ. This indicates that a valid SCPI command may not be executed correctly depending on the state of the PBZ.
5	32	Command Error (CME)	Set when an IEEE 488.2 syntax error is detected by the parser, when an unidentifiable header is received, or when a group execution trigger enters the internal IEEE 488.2 SCPI command input buffer.
6	64	User Request (URQ)	_
7	128	Power ON (PON)	Set when the power is turned on.
8-15	-	Reserved	_

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SCPI Register Model

OPERation Status Register (STATus:OPERation)

The OPERation status register is a 16-bit register that contains information about conditions that are part of normal PBZ operation.

Bit	Bit weight	Bit name	Description
0	1	NOT USED	_
1	2	NOT USED	_
2	4	NOT USED	_
3	8	NOT USED	_
4	16	MEASuring	Indicates whether measurement is in progress on the PBZ.
5	32	Waiting for TRIGger	Indicates whether the PBZ is waiting for a trigger (TRIG).
6	64	NOT USED	_
7	128	NOT USED	_
8	256	Constant Voltage	Indicates whether the PBZ is in CV mode.
9	512	NOT USED	_
10	1024	Constant Current	Indicates whether the PBZ is in CC mode.
11	2048	TRANsient Delay	Indicates whether the PBZ is delaying execution.
12	4096	NOT USED	_
13	8192	NOT USED	_
14	16384	PROGram	Indicates whether the PBZ is executing a program.
15	32768	NOT USED	—

STAT:OPER

Queries the event of the OPERation status register. A query clears the contents of the register.

- **Command** STATus:OPERation[:EVENt]?
- **Response** Returns the event of the OPERation status register in <NR1> format.

STAT:OPER:COND

Queries the condition of the OPERation status register. A query does not clear the contents of the register.

- **Command** STATus:OPERation:CONDition?
- **Response** Returns the condition of the OPERation status register in <NR1> format.

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STAT:OPER:ENAB

Sets the enable register of the OPERation status register.

Command STATus:OPERation:ENABle <NRf>
 STATus:OPERation:ENABle?

Parameter Value: 0 to 32767

Response Returns the enable register of the OPERation status register in <NR1> format.

STAT:OPER:PTR

Sets the positive transition filter of the OPERation status register.

Command STATus:OPERation:PTRansition <NRf> STATus:OPERation:PTRansition?

Parameter Value: 0 to 32767

Response Returns the positive transition filter of the OPERation status register in <NR1> format.

STAT:OPER:NTR

Sets the negative transition filter of the OPERation status register.

- **Command** STATus:OPERation:NTRansition <NRf> STATus:OPERation:NTRansition?
- Parameter Value: 0 to 32767
- **Response** Returns the negative transition filter of the OPERation status register in <NR1> format.

QUEStionable Status Register (STATus:QUEStionable)

The QUEStionable status register is a 16-bit register that stores information related to the PBZ's status and the questionable events that occur during PBZ operation.

These register bits may indicate that there are problems with the PBZ's measured data.

Bit	Bit weight	Bit name	Description
0	1	Over Voltage	Overvoltage protection has been activated.
1	2	Over Current	Overcurrent protection has been activated.
2	4	Not Used	_
3	8	AC Power OFF	The POWER switch is off.
4	16	Over Temp	The overheat sensor has been activated.
5	32	Over Power	The power limit protection has been activated.
6	64	Not Used	_
7	128	Not Used	_
8	256	V-Limit	The voltage limit has been activated.
9	512	I-Limit	The current limit has been activated.
10	1024	Not Used	_
11	2048	Shutdown Alarm	The POWER switch was turned off.
12	4096	Power Limit	The power limit has been activated.
13	8192	UNLOCKED	The PBZ is unsynchronized.
14	16384	Not Used	_
15	32768	Not Used	—

STAT:QUES

Queries the event of the QUEStionable status register. A query clears the contents of the register.

Command STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]?

Response Returns the event of the QUEStionable status register in <NR1> format.

STAT:QUES:COND

Queries the condition of the QUEStionable status register. A query does not clear the contents of the register.

Command STATus:QUEStionable:CONDition?

Response Returns the condition of the QUEStionable status register in <NR1> format.

STAT:QUES:ENAB

Sets the enable register of the QUEStionable status register.

Command STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle <NRf>
 STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle?

Parameter Value: 0 to 32767

Response Returns the enable register of the QUEStionable status register in <NR1> format.

STAT:QUES:PTR

Sets the positive transition filter of the QUEStionable status register.

Command STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition <NRf> STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition?

Parameter Value: 0 to 32767

Response Returns the positive transition filter of the QUEStionable status register in <NR1> format.

STAT:QUES:NTR

Sets the negative transition filter of the QUEStionable status register.

Command STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition <NRf> STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition?

Parameter Value: 0 to 32767

Response Returns the negative transition filter of the QUEStionable status register in <NR1> format.

Preset Status

STAT:PRES

Resets the ENABle, PTRansition, and NTRansition filter registers of all status registers (including sub registers) to their default values.

Default values:

STATus:ENABle = 0x0000

STATus:PTRansition = 0x7FFF

STATus:NTRansition = 0x0000

Command STATus: PRESet

Configures the status data, and enables certain events to be reported at a high level by the status reporting mechanism. These events are summarized in the OPERation status register and the QUEStionable status register that are part of the required structure.

STAT:PRES only affects the transition filter registers of the ENABle register and the status data structure.

STAT:PRES does not clear any event registers, nor does it clear any items from the error or event queues.

To reset all event registers and the queues in the device's status reporting mechanism, send the *CLS command.

For status data that SCPI requires, STAT:PRES sets the transition filters so that they recognize only positive transitions and sets the ENABle register to all 0. The service request enable register, parallel polling enable register, memory registers that are related to the *SAV command, the PBZ's address, the output queue, and the power-on status clear flag are not affected by this command.

Register preset values that can be set by the user

Register	Filter or enable	Preset value
QUEStionable	Enable register	All zeros
OPERation	Positive transition filter	All ones
	Negative transition filter	All zeros

The following tables show the PBZ settings (default state) when you send a *RST, *RCL, or MEAS? command or when you turn PBZ on. In each table, "MEAS?" represents the MEAS:<meas_item> command.

SYSTem subsystem

Command	Setting				_ Unit	Function	
Command	*RST	*RCL	CL MEAS? Power on				
SYST:KLOC	-	-	-		-	Panel key lock	
SYST:CONF:BTR:PROT	_	_	_	_	-	Breaker tripping when a protection feature is activated	
SYST:CONF:PAR	-	_	-	_	-	Number of units in parallel operation	
SYST:CONF:MSL	-		-	_	-	Parallel operation: master/slave	
SYST:CONF:SYNC:OPER	OFF	Depends on the settings in the memory	-	The settings that were in use	-	Synchronous operation: master/slave	
SYST:CONF:TRAC	-	_	_	 immediately before the POWER switch 	-	Communication error display	
SYST:CONF:PRES:RCL :MOD	2		-	was turned off.	-	Preset memory loading method	
SYST:CONF:RSEN	-	-	-		-	Remote sensing	
SYST:CONF:KLOC:LEV	3	Depends on the	_	_	-	Panel key lock and key lock level	
SYST:CONF:BEEP:STAT	1 (ON)		-	—	-	Buzzer: on/off	
SYST:CONF:BEEP:VOL	1.0	the memory	-	_	-	Buzzer volume	
SYST:CONF:PON:STAT	LAST		-		-	Power-on state	
SYST:CONF:SEQ:PON:ST AT	"" (Blank string)	_	_		-	Program or script to execute when the PBZ turns on	

DISPlay subsystem

Command	Setting					Function
Command	*RST	*RCL	MEAS?	Power on	– Unit	
DISP:CONT	0.7	-	-	The setting that was in use immediately before the POWER switch was turned off.	_	Screen contrast

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Command	Setting					Function
Command	*RST	*RCL	MEAS?	Power on	- Unit	runcion
OUTP	0 (OFF)	0 (OFF)	-		-	Output: on/off
OUTP:TRIG	IMMediate	Depends on the	-	_	_	Output: on/off according to software triggers
OUTP:PON:STAT	RST		-	The settings that were in use immediately before the POWER switch was turned off.	_	Output: on/off when the PBZ turns on
OUTP:EXT	NORMal		-		-	Output-on control signal polarity
OUTP:TRIG:POL	POSitive	settings in the memory	-		_	Trigger signal output polarity
OUTP:TRIG:STAT	0 (OFF)		-		-	Trigger signal output: on/ off
OUTP:PORT	0 (OFF)		-		-	J1 connector and option terminal output: on/off

OUTPut subsystem

SENSe subsystem

Command	Setting			Unit	Function	
Command	*RST	*RCL	MEAS?	Power on	Onit	T uncuon
SENS:APER	0.1	Depends	-	The settings that were in use immediately before the POWER switch was turned off.	S	Measurement time
SENS:FUNC	DC	on the	-		-	Measurement function
SENS:TRIG:DEL	0	settings in the	-		S	Trigger delay
SENS:TRIG:SOUR	AUTO	memory	-		_	Measurement start trigger source

[SOURce] subsystem

Command	Setting	*DO		Danna	Unit	Function
FUNCMODE	*RST	*RCL	MEAS?	Power on		
FUNC:MODE	CV	-	_	-		CV/CC mode
FUNC:POL	BIPolar	Donondo	-	-	-	Bipolar/unipolar mode
FUNC:SOUR	INTernal	Depends on the	_	-	-	Signal source selection
FUNC:EXT:TERM	BNC	settings in the	-	_	-	External signal source terminal selection
FUNC:EXT:CURR:GAIN	0	memory	-	_	A/V	External signal source gain
FUNC:EXT:VOLT:GAIN	0		-		V/V	External signal source gain
FUNC	SIN	-	-	-	-	AC signal selection
FUNC:TRIG	IMMediate	IMMediate	_	-	-	AC signal source selection according to software triggers
AC:STAT	0 (OFF)	Depends on the settings in the memory	-	-	_	AC signal: on/off
AC:STAT:TRIG	IMMediate	IMMediate	-	-	-	AC signal: on/off according to software triggers
VOLT	0	Depends	-	-	V	DC signal voltage value
VOLT:TRIG	IMMediate	on the settings in	_	-	V	DC signal voltage value according to software triggers
VOLT:AC	0	- the memory	_	-	VPP	AC signal voltage value
VOLT:AC:TRIG	IMMediate	IMMediate	_	-	VPP	AC signal voltage value according to software triggers
CURR	0	Depends	_		A	DC signal current value
CURR:TRIG	IMMediate	on the settings in	_	The settings that were in use	A	DC signal current value according to software triggers
CURR:AC	0	the memory	_	immediately before the	APP	AC signal current value
CURR:AC:TRIG	IMMediate	IMMediate	_	POWER switch was turned off.	APP	AC signal current value according to software triggers
FREQ	1 kHz	Depends on the settings in the memory	_	-	ΗZ	AC signal frequency value
FREQ:TRIG	IMMediate	IMMediate	-		ΗZ	AC signal frequency value according to software triggers
PHAS	0 or 1 (ON)		_	-	DEG -	AC signal start phase angle
SQU:DCYC	50.0	-	-	-	PCT	Square wave signal duty cycle
SWE:STAT	0 (OFF)	-	_	-	-	Frequency sweep: on/off
SWE:SPAC	LINear	Depends	_	-	-	Frequency sweep mode
SWE:TIME	1	on the	_	-	S	Frequency sweep time
SWE:FREQ:STAR	100 Hz	settings in the memory	_	-	HZ	Frequency sweep start frequency
SWE:FREQ:STOP	1 kHz	,	_	-	HZ	Frequency sweep stop frequency
MARK	0 (OFF)	-	_	-	-	TRIG OUT terminal output type
MARK:FPO	500 Hz	-	_	-	HZ	Marker frequency
APPL:DC	_	_	_	-	ΗZ	
APPL:SIN APPL:SQU	_	_	-		VPP APP	Collective settings (AC signal waveform, frequency, amplitude
APPL:TRI APPL:USER{[1]16}	-	-	-		V A	[−] and DC signal)

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Command	Setting				Unit	Function
Commanu	*RST	*RCL MEAS? Power on			Unit	Function
CURR:RESP	35	_	_		US	CC mode response (PBZ20-20/ PBZ60-67/ PBZ80-5)
	70		-		US	CC mode response (PBZ40-10)
VOLT:RESP	3.5	_	-		US	CV mode response
CURR:PROT:OVER CURR:LIM:UPP CURR:PROT:UPP	110 % of the rated value	Depends on the settings in the memory	_	The settings that were in use immediately before the POWER switch was turned off.	A	Positive current activation point
Volt:Prot:Over Volt:Lim:UPP Volt:Prot:UPP	110 % of the rated value		_		V	Positive voltage activation point
CURR:PROT:UND CURR:LIM:LOW CURR:PROT:LOW	110 % of the rated value		_		A	Negative current activation point
Volt:Prot:UND Volt:Lim:Low Volt:Prot:Low	110 % of the rated value	-	_		V	Negative voltage activation point
CURR:PROT:STAT	LIMIT		-		-	OCP mode
VOLT:PROT:STAT	LIMIT		-		-	OVP mode

[SOURce] subsystem

MEASure & TRIGger subsystem

Command	Setting					Function	
Command	*RST	*RCL	MEAS?	Power on	- Unit	runcion	
TRIG:SOUR TRIG:TRAN:SOUR	IMMediate	-	IMMediate	IMMediate	_	SEQuence1 trigger source	
TRIG:SEQ2:SOUR TRIG:OUTP:SOUR	IMMediate	_	IMMediate	IMMediate	_	SEQuence2 trigger source	
TRIG:SEQ2:SST:RISE TRIG:OUTP:SST:RISE	0.0	Depends on the	No change	No change	S	SEQuence2 soft start time	
TRIG:SEQ2:SST:FALL TRIG:OUTP:SST:FALL	0.0	settings in the memory	No change	No change	S	SEQuence2 soft stop time	
TRIG:SEQ3:SOUR TRIG:ACQ:SOUR	IMMediate	-	IMMediate	IMMediate	_	SEQuence3 trigger source	
TRIG:SEQ4:SOUR TRIG:PROG:SOUR	IMMediate	-	IMMediate	IMMediate	_	SEQuence4 trigger source	

INPut subsystem

Command	Setting				– Unit	Function
Command	*RST	*RCL	MEAS?	Power on		T unction
INP:TRIG:POL	POSitive	Depends on the settings in the memory	-	The setting that was in use immediately before the POWER switch was turned off.	_	Trigger signal input polarity

PROGram subsystem

Command	Setting				_ Unit	Function
Commanu	*RST	*RCL	MEAS?	Power on	- Offic	T UNCLOT
PROG:NAME	"" (Blank string)	"" (Blank string)	-		-	Program selection and selection clearing
PROG:EDIT:FUNC:MODE	-	-	-	_	-	Program: CV/CC mode
PROG:EDIT:FUNC:POL	_	_	-	_	-	Program: bipolar/ unipolar mode
PROG:EDIT:LOOP	_	_	_	_	_	Number of times that the program will repeat
PROG:EDIT:STEP:CURR PROG:EDIT:STEP:VOLT	_	_	_	_	V A	Step's DC signal value; value at the end of step if RAMP is specified
	-	_	_	_	-	Step's signal change
PROG:EDIT:STEP:CURR:RAMP PROG:EDIT:STEP:VOLT:RAMP	_	_	-	_	V A	Step's DC signal RAMP start value
PROG:EDIT:STEP:FUNC	_	_	-	_	-	Step's AC signal waveform
PROG:EDIT:STEP:CURR:AC PROG:EDIT:STEP:VOLT:AC	_	_	_	The settings that	VPP APP	Step's AC signal value; value at the end of step if SWE is specified
PROG:EDIT:STEP:CURR:AC:SWE PROG:EDIT:STEP:VOLT:AC:SWE	_	_	-	were in use immediately	VPP APP	Step's AC signal SWE start value
PROG:EDIT:STEP:AC:STAT	-	-	-	<pre>before the POWER switch</pre>	_	Step's AC signal on/off
PROG:EDIT:STEP:AC:STAT PROG:EDIT:STEP:FREQ	_	_	-	was turned off.	-	Step's AC signal frequency change
PROG:EDIT:STEP:FREQ:SWE	-	-	-	_	-	Step's AC signal frequency sweep mode
	_	_	_	_	ΗZ	Step's AC signal frequency sweep start frequency
	_	_	_	_	ΗZ	Step's AC signal frequency sweep stop frequency
PROG:EDIT:STEP:PHAS	-	-	-	_	DEG	Step's AC signal start
	-	-	-	_	-	phase angle
PROG:EDIT:STEP:SQU:DCYC	50 %	_	-	-	PCT	Step's square wave duty cycle
PROG:EDIT:STEP:TIME	-	-	-	-	S	Step execution time
PROG:EDIT:STEP:STAT	-	-	-	-	-	Output: on/off
	-	_	-	-	-	Trigger signal output
		_		_		Trigger signal input

SCRipt subsystem

Command	Setting *RST	*RCL	MEAS?	– Unit	Function	
SCR:NAME	"" (Blank string)	"" (Blank string)	-	The setting that was in use immediately before the POWER switch was turned off.	_	Script selection and selection clearing

Processing time of Commands

The command processing time is the time until the next command is accepted. The processing times indicated here are typical values. They are not warranted. The processing times vary depending on the settings and the measurement conditions. It does not include the response time of the hardware.

Command	GPIB ¹ Processing Time (ms)	USB Processing Time (ms)	RS232C ² Processing Time (ms)	LAN ³ Processing Time (ms)	Description
VOLT 20	47	47	47	47	Sets the DC signal voltage value.
MEAS:VOLT?4	145	145	145	145	Queries the DC voltage measurement.
CURR 20	47	47	47	47	Sets the DC signal current value.
MEAS:CURR?*4	145	145	145	145	Queries theDC current measurement.
*RST	260	260	260	260	Performs a device reset.

1 Using GPIB-USB-B by National Instruments.

2 Data rate setting: 38400 bps. Flow control: On

3 100BASE-TX Ethernet

4 Measurement time: 0.1 s

PBZ_INTERFACE

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SCPI Command: Command name in the short form.

Effect:"Yes" for commands that are affected by the *RST and *RCL commands.R/W:"R" for query commands and "W" for set commands.†:"1" for SCPI standard commands, "2" for commands that are being
reviewed, and "3" for original commands developed by Kikusui Electronics
Corporation.

SYSTem subsystem

SCPI comm	and	Setting		Dofault	Response	Effoct	Description	R/W	
Program header	Parameter		Unit	Delault	Response	Ellect	Description	R/VV	
ST							I	I	-
:CONF									
:BTR	-	_	-	-	-	-	Breaker tripping	W	Ī
:BTR:PROT	bool	ON OFF	-	-	NR1	-	Breaker tripping when a protection feature is activated	R/W	
:PAR	NRf	1 to 5	-	-	NR1	_	Number of units in parallel operation	R/W	
:MSL	character	MAST PAR	-	-	char	-	Parallel operation: master/slave	R/W	Ì
:SYNC:OPER	character	OFF MAST SLAV ATER	-	-	char	-	Synchronous operation: master/ slave	R/W	
:TRAC	bool	ON OFF	-	-	NR1	-	Communication error display	R/W	Ì
:PRES:RCL: MOD	numeric	1 2	-	2	NR1	-	Preset memory loading method	R/W	
:RSEN	bool	ON OFF	-	-	NR1	-	Remote sensing	R/W	
:KLOC:LEV	numeric	1 2 3	-	3	NR1	-	Panel key lock and key lock level	R/W	
:BEEP		I							1
:STAT	bool	ON OFF	-	ON	NR1	-	Buzzer: on/off	R/W	I
:VOL	numeric	0.0 to 1.0	-	1.0	NR3	-	Buzzer volume	R/W	Ī
:PON:STAT	character	DEF LAST	-	LAST	char	-	Power-on state	R/W	Ī
:SEQ:PON:S TAT	string	"1" to "16", "CV", "CC", or ""	-	"" (Blank string)	string	_	Program or script to execute when the PBZ turns on	R/W	-
ERR[:NEXT]	_	_	-	-	NR1, string	-	Queries error and event information	R	
KLOC	bool	ON OFF	-	-	NR1	-	Panel key lock	R/W	Ī
LOC	-	_	-	-	_	-	Switches to local mode	W	Î
REM	-	_	-	-	-	_	Switches to remote mode; locks all keys other than LOCAL and STOP	W	
:RWL	-	-	_	-	-	_	Switches to remote mode; locks all keys other than STOP	W	
:OPT	_	_	-	-	_	-	Queries options	R	Î
:VERS	-	_	-	-	1999.0	_	Queries the version of the compliant SCPI specifications	R	Ī

DISPlay subsystem

SCPI comm	and	Setting		Default	Response	Effect	Description	R/W	+
Program header	Parameter		Unit	Doladit	rteoponoe	Liloot	Description	10,00	1
DISP									
:CONT	numeric	0.0 to 1.0	_	0.7	NR3	—	Screen contrast	R/W	3

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	SCPI comm	and	Setting		Default	Response	Effect	Description	R/W	+
Pr	ogram header	Parameter		Unit	Delault	Response	LIIEGU	Description		'
MEN	1									
:F	PRES									
	:RCL	NRf	1 to 3	-	-	-	-	Preset memory loading	W	3
	:SAV	NRf	1 to 3	-	-	-	-	Preset memory saving	W	3
:5	SET				I.		1			
	:RCL	NRf	0 to 9	-	-	-	-	Setup memory loading	W	3
	:SAV	NRf	0 to 9	-	-	-	-	Setup memory saving	W	3
	:TITL	NRf string	0 to 9 string	-	_	NR1 string	_	Setup memory name and memory number	R/W	3

MEMory subsystem

OUTPut subsystem

	SCPI comm	and	Setting		Default	Response	Effect	Description	R/W	+
	Program header	Parameter		Unit	Delault	rtesponse	LIICOL	Description	1.7.44	1
Ol	JTP									
	[:STAT]	bool	ON OFF	-	OFF	NR1	-	Output: on/off	R/W	3
	:TRIG	bool	ON OFF	_	IMM	NR1	_	Output: on/off according to software triggers	R/W	3
	:PON:STAT	character	RST AUTO	_	RST	char	_	Output: on/off when the PBZ turns on	R/W	3
	:EXT	character	NORM INV	_	NORM	char	_	Output-on external control signal polarity	R/W	3
	:TRIG:POL	character	POS NEG	-	POS	char	-	Trigger signal output polarity	R/W	3
	:TRIG:STAT	bool	ON OFF	-	OFF	NR1	-	Trigger signal output: on/off	R/W	3
	:PORT	bool	ON OFF	-	OFF	NR1	-	Option output: on/off	R/W	3
	:PROT:CLE	_	_	-	-	-	_	Alarm clearing	W	3

INPut subsystem

SCPI comm	and	Setting		Default	Response	Effect	Description	R/W	+
Program header	Parameter		Unit	Doladit	rtesponse	LIIOOU	Description	10,00	 '
INP									
:TRIG:POL	character	POS NEG	_	POS	char	-	Trigger signal input polarity	R/W	3

SENSe subsystem

	SCPI comma	and	Setting		Default	Response	Effect	Description	R/W	+
	Program header	Parameter		Unit	Delault	response	LICOL	Description	10,00	'
S	ENS									
	:APER	numeric	0.0001 to 3600	_	0.1	NR3	Yes	Measurement time	R/W	3
	:FUNC	character	DC AC DCAC PEAK	_	DC	char	_	Measurement function	R/W	3
	:TRIG:DEL	numeric	0.00000 to 3600	_	0	NR3	Yes	Trigger delay	R/W	3
	:TRIG:SOUR	character	AUTO INT EXTPOS EXTNEG	_	AUTO	char	_	Measurement start trigger source	R/W	3

SCPI com Program header SOUR:] FUNC POL POL SOUR TRIG EXT:TER M EXT:CUR R:GAIN USERX:DATA USERX:DATA USERX:DATA USERX:DATA VOLT TRIG ISERX:DATA VOLT ITRIG AC ITRIG ICVER IUND	nand	Setting		Default	Response	Effect	Description	R/W	-	
	•	Parameter		Unit	Boldar	rteepenee	Enoor	Decomption		
0	UR:]	P				T				
F	UNC	character	SIN SQU TRI USER[1] to 16	-	SIN	char	Yes	AC signal selection	R/W	
	:MODE	character	CV CC	-	CV	char	Yes	CV/CC mode	R/W	
	:POL	character	BIP UNIP	-	BIP	char	Yes	Bipolar/unipolar mode	R/W	
	:SOUR	character	INT EXT BOTH	-	INT	char	Yes	Signal source selection	R/W	t
	TRIG	character	SIN SQU TRI USER[1] to 16	_	IMM	char	Yes	AC signal source selection according to software triggers	R/W	
		character	BNC J1 BOTH	_	BNC	char	Yes	External signal source terminal selection	R/W	
		numeric	0 to 20 or 0 to 10	A/V	0	NR3	Yes	External signal source gain	R/W	
		numeric	0 to 20 or 0 to 40	V/V	0	NR3	Yes	External signal source gain	R/W	
U	SERX:TITL	string	_	_	-	string	_	User-defined arbitrary waveform's name	R/W	
		string	-	_	_	string	_	User-defined arbitrary waveform's pattern	R/W	
:F	ORM:BOR	character	NORM SWAP	_	-	char	Yes	User defined arbitrary waveform's binary transmission data byte order	R/W	
		numeric	addr:0 to 1023 data:-32768 to +32767	_	-	NR1	_	Sets the value at an address in a user-defined arbitrary waveform pattern.	R/W	
V	OLT	numeric	0 % to 105 % of the rated value	V	0	NR3	Yes	DC signal voltage value	R/W	Ī
	:TRIG	numeric	0 % to 105 % of the rated value	V	IMM	NR3	Yes	DC signal voltage value according to software triggers	R/W	
	:AC	numeric	0 % to 105 % of the rated value	VPP	0	NR3	Yes	AC signal voltage value	R/W	
	:TRIG	numeric	0 % to 105 % of the rated value	VPP	IMM	NR3	Yes	AC signal voltage value according to software triggers	R/W	
	:PROT									-
	:OVER	numeric	+1 % to +110 % of the rated value	V	+110 %	NR3	Yes	Positive OVP activation point	R/W	T
		numeric	-110 % to -1 % of the rated value	V	-110 %	NR3	Yes	Negative OVP activation point	R/W	
	:UPP	numeric	+OVP: +1 % to +110 % of the rated value -110 % ≤ -V.LIM ≤ +V.LIM ≤ +110 % of the rated value	V	+110 %	NR3	Yes	Positive OVP/V.LIM activation point	R/W	
	:LOW	numeric	-OVP: -110 % to -1 % of the rated value -110 % ≤ -V.LIM ≤ +V.LIM ≤ +110 % of the rated value	v	-110 %	NR3	Yes	Negative OVP/V.LIM activation point	R/W	+
		character	LIMIT TRIP	-	LIMIT	char	Yes	OVP mode	R/W	╞
			440.00 - 111.00 - 111.00	1			1		1	т
	:0PP	numeric	-110 % ≤ -V.LIM ≤ +V.LIM ≤ +110 % of the rated value	v	+110 %	NR3	Yes	Positive V.LIM activation point	R/W	
	:LOW	numeric	-110 % ≤ -V.LIM ≤ +V.LIM ≤ +110 % of the rated value	V	-110 %	NR3	Yes	Negative V.LIM activation point	R/W	+

[SOURce] subsystem

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SOUR:] CURR :TRIG :AC :TRIG :PROT :OVER :UND :UPP :LOW :STAT :PROT :UPP :LOW FREQ FREQ FREQ PHAS SQU:DCYC SWE :STAT	mand	Setting		Default	Response	Effect	Description	R/W	
Program header [SOUR:] CURR :TRIG :AC :TRIG :PROT :OVER :UND :UPP :LOW :UPP :LOW FREQ FREQ :TRIG :PROT :UPP :LOW FREQ :STAT :PROT :STAT :SPAC :TIME :FREQ :STAR :STAR :STOP	Parameter		Unit	Delault	1 (copolise	Encot	Description	1000	I
OUR:]		•							
CURR	numeric	0 % to 105 % of the rated value	А	0	NR3	Yes	DC signal current value	R/W	Ι
:TRIG	numeric	0 % to 105 % of the rated value	А	IMM	NR3	Yes	DC signal current value according to software triggers	R/W	Ī
:AC	numeric	0 % to 105 % of the rated value	APP	0	NR3	Yes	AC signal current value	R/W	
:TRIG	numeric	0 % to 105 % of the rated value	APP	IMM	NR3	Yes	AC signal current value according to software triggers	R/W	-
:PROT									
:OVER	numeric	+1 % to +110 % of the rated value	А	-110 %	NR3	Yes	Positive OCP activation point	R/W	
:UND	numeric	-110 % to -1 % of the rated value	А	-110 %	NR3	Yes	Negative OCP activation point	R/W	
:UPP	numeric	+1 % to +110 % of the rated value	А	+110 %	NR3	Yes	Positive OCP/I.LIM activation point	R/W	
:LOW	numeric	-110 % to -1 % of the rated value	А	-110 %	NR3	Yes	Negative OCP/I.LIM activation point	R/W	
	character	LIMIT TRIP	-	LIMIT	char	Yes	OCP mode	R/W	
:UPP	numeric	+1 % to +110 % of the rated value	A	+110 %	NR3	Yes	Positive I.LIM activation point	R/W	
:LOW	numeric	-110 % to -1 % of the rated value	А	-110 %	NR3	Yes	Negative I.LIM activation point	R/W	
FREQ	numeric	CV:1.0E-02 to 1.0E+05 CC:1.0E-02 to 1.0E+05	HZ	1.0E+03	NR3	Yes	AC signal frequency value (PBZ20-20/PBZ40-10/PBZ60- 6.7/PBZ80-5)	R/W	
	numeric	CV:1.0E-02 to 2.0E+05 CC:1.0E-02 to 2.0E+05	ΗZ	1.0E+03	NR3	Yes	AC signal frequency value (PBZ20-20A)	R/W	
:TRIG	numeric	CV:1.0E-02 to 1.0E+05 CC:1.0E-02 to 1.0E+05	ΗZ	IMM	NR3	Yes	AC signal frequency value according to software triggers (PBZ20-20/PBZ40-10/PBZ60- 6.7/PBZ80-5)	R/W	
	numeric	CV:1.0E-02 to 2.0E+05 CC:1.0E-02 to 2.0E+05	ΗZ	IMM	NR3	Yes	AC signal frequency value according to software triggers (PBZ20-20A)	R/W	
PHAS	numeric	0 to 359	DEG	0	NR3	Yes	AC signal start phase angle	R/W	
	bool	ON OFF	-	ON	NR1	Yes	AC signal start phase angle	R/W	
SQU:DCYC	numeric	0.1 to 99.9	PCT	50.0	NR3	Yes	Square wave signal duty cycle	R/W	
SWE		·							
:STAT	bool	ON OFF	-	OFF	NR1	Yes	Frequency sweep: on/off	R/W	
:SPAC	character	LOG LIN	-	LIN	char	Yes	Frequency sweep mode	R/W	
	numeric	0.0001 to 1000	S	1	NR3	Yes	Frequency sweep time	R/W	
:STAR	numeric	CV:1.0E-02 to 1.0E+05 CC:1.0E-02 to 1.0E+05	ΗZ	1.0E+02	NR3	Yes	Frequency sweep start frequency (PBZ20-20/PBZ40- 10/PBZ60-6.7/PBZ80-5)	R/W	
	numeric	CV:1.0E-02 to 2.0E+05 CC:1.0E-02 to 2.0E+05	ΗZ	1.0E+02	NR3	Yes	Frequency sweep start frequency (PBZ20-20A)	R/W	
STOP	numeric	CV:1.0E-02 to 1.0E+05 CC:1.0E-02 to 1.0E+05	ΗZ	1.0E+03	NR3	Yes	Frequency sweep stop frequency (PBZ20-20/PBZ40- 10/PBZ60-6.7/PBZ80-5)	R/W	
	numeric	CV:1.0E-02 to 2.0E+05 CC:1.0E-02 to 2.0E+05	ΗZ	1.0E+03	NR3	Yes	Frequency sweep stop frequency (PBZ20-20A)	R/W	
	bool	ON OFF	-	OFF	NR1	Yes	TRIG OUT terminal output type	R/W	
:FPO	numeric	CV:1.0E-02 to 1.0E+05 CC:1.0E-02 to 1.0E+05	ΗZ	500	NR3	Yes	Marker frequency (PBZ20-20/ PBZ40-10/PBZ60-6.7/PBZ80-5)	R/W	
	numeric	CV:1.0E-02 to 2.0E+05 CC:1.0E-02 to 2.0E+05	ΗZ	500	NR3	Yes	Marker frequency (PBZ20-20A)	R/W	

SCPI comr	nand	Setting		Default	Response	Effect	Description	R/W	+
Program header	Parameter		Unit	Delault	Response	Ellect	Description	R/ VV	'
Sour:]									
APPL									
:DC :SIN	_	_	_	_	char	_	Collective settings (AC signal waveform)	R/W	:
:SQU :TRI :USERx	numeric	CV:1.0E-02 to 1.0E+05 CC:1.0E-02 to 1.0E+05	ΗZ	-	NR3	Yes	Collective settings (AC signal frequency) (PBZ20-20/PBZ40- 10/PBZ60-6.7/PBZ80-5)	R/W	3
	numeric	CV:1.0E-02 to 2.0E+05 CC:1.0E-02 to 2.0E+05	ΗZ	_	NR3	Yes	Collective settings (AC signal frequency) (PBZ20-20A)	R/W	
	numeric	0 % to 105 % of the rated value	APP	_	NR3	Yes	Collective settings (AC signal amplitude)	R/W	
	numeric	0 % to 105 % of the rated value	V	_	NR3	Yes	Collective settings (DC signal)	R/W	
CURR:RESP	numeric	35 100 350 1000	US	35	NR3	Yes	CC mode response (PBZ20-20/ PBZ20-20/PBZ80-5)	R/W	
	numeric	70 100 350 1000	US	70	NR3	Yes	CC mode response (PBZ40-10)	R/W	
VOLT:RESP	numeric	3.5 10 35 100	US	3.5	NR3	Yes	CV mode response	R/W	
:AC	_								
:STAT	bool	ON OFF	-	OFF	NR1	Yes	AC signal: on/off	R/W	
:STAT:TRI G	bool	ON OFF	-	IMM	NR1	Yes	AC signal: on/off according to software triggers	R/W	

MEASure/TRIGger subsystem

	SCPI com	mand	Setting		Default	Response	Effect	Description	R/W	+
Pro	gram header	Parameter		Unit	Delault	Response	LIICOL	Description	1.7.44	1
FET	C[:SCAL] I	READ[:SCAI	L] MEAS[:SCA	L]						
:C	URR									
	[:DC]	-	-	Α	_	NR3	_	DC current measurement	R	3
	:AC	-	-	Α	_	NR3	_	AC current measurement (RMS)	R	3
	:MIN	-	_	APP	-	NR3	-	Minimum current measurement (bottom value)	R	3
	:MAX	-	_	APP	_	NR3	_	Maximum current measurement (peak value)	R	3
:V	OLT									
	[:DC]	-	-	V	_	NR3	_	DC voltage measurement	R	3
	:AC	-	-	V	-	NR3	_	AC voltage measurement (RMS)	R	3
	:MIN	-	_	VPP	-	NR3	-	Minimum voltage measurement (bottom value)	R	3
	:MAX	-	-	VPP	-	NR3	_	Maximum voltage measurement (peak value)	R	3
ABC	R	-	-	-	-	_	-	Measurement aborting	W	1
INIT	[:IMM]	1						•		

	SCPI comr	nand	Setting		Defeat	D	F #	Description		
Pro	gram header	Parameter		Unit	Default	Response	Effect	Description	R/W	†
[::	SEQ[1]]	-	-	-	_	-	-	Starts the trigger function that sets the voltage, current, AC waveform, and frequency	W	1
:5	SEQ2	Ι	-	_	_	-	-	Starts the trigger function that turns output on and off	W	1
:5	SEQ3	-	-	-	_	-	-	Starts the trigger function that starts measurements and queries measured results	W	1
:5	SEQ4	_	-	_	-	-	-	Starts the trigger function that executes programs and scripts	W	1
	IMM]:NAME RAN	-	-	_	_	_	_	Starts the trigger function that sets the voltage, current, AC waveform, and frequency	W	1
-	IMM]:NAME UTP	-	-	_	-	-	-	Starts the trigger function that turns output on and off	W	1
-	IMM]:NAME CQ	Ι	-	_	_	-	-	Starts the trigger function that starts measurements and queries measured results	W	1
	IMM]:NAME ROG	_	-	_	-	_	-	Starts the trigger function that executes programs and scripts	W	1
TRI	G									
[:	SEQ[1]]	-	-	_	_	_	-	Executes SEQuence1 software triggers	W	1
	:SOUR	character	IMM BUS	_	IMM	char	Yes	SEQuence1 trigger source selection	R/W	3
:5	SEQ2	_	-	_		_	-	Executes SEQuence2 software triggers	W	1
	:SOUR	character	IMM BUS	—	IMM	char	Yes	SEQuence2 trigger source selection	R/W	3
	:SST:RISE	numeric	0.0001 to 1000	S	0.0000	NR3	Yes	SEQuence2 soft start time	R/W	3
	:SST:FALL	numeric	0.0001 to 1000	S	0.0000	NR3	Yes	SEQuence2 soft stop time	R/W	3
:5	SEQ3	_	-	_		_	-	Executes SEQuence3 software triggers	W	1
	:SOUR	character	IMM BUS	—	IMM	char	Yes	SEQuence3 trigger source selection	R/W	3
:8	SEQ4	-	-	_	-	-	-	Executes SEQuence4 software triggers	W	1
	:SOUR	character	IMM BUS EXT	-	IMM	char	Yes	SEQuence4 trigger source selection	R/W	3
:T	RAN	-	-	_	-	-	Ι	Executes SEQuence1 software triggers	W	1
	:SOUR	character	IMM BUS	_	IMM	char	Yes	SEQuence1 trigger source selection	R/W	3
:0	DUTP	_	_	_	_	-	-	Executes SEQuence2 software triggers	W	1
	:SOUR	character	IMM BUS	_	IMM	char	Yes	SEQuence2 trigger source selection	R/W	3
:0 S	DUTP:SST:RI E	numeric	0.0001 to 1000	S	0.0000	NR3	Yes	SEQuence2 soft start time	R/W	3
	DUTP:SST:F LL	numeric	0.0001 to 1000	S	0.0000	NR3	Yes	SEQuence2 soft stop time	R/W	3
:A	ACQ	-	_	_	_	-	-	Executes SEQuence3 software triggers	W	1
	:SOUR	character	IMM BUS	-	IMM	char	Yes	SEQuence3 trigger source selection	R/W	3
:F	ROG	-	-	-	_	-	_	Executes SEQuence4 software triggers	W	1
	:SOUR	character	IMM BUS EXT	_	IMM	char	Yes	SEQuence4 trigger source selection	R/W	3

PROGram subsystem

	SCPI comm		Setting		Default	Response	Effect	Description	R/W	ĺ
•	am header	Parameter		Unit		•		•		
:OG :NAI		string	1 to 16 ""	_	"" (Blank string)	string	_	Program selection and selection clearing	R/W	
:EDI									r	
	DD	NRf	_	-	—	-	-	Number of steps to add	W	
:C	OUN	_	-	-	_	NR1	-	Queries the number of steps	R	
	:FREE	-	_	-	-	NR1	-	Queries the number of steps that can be added	R	
:D	EL	-	_	-	-	-	-	Deletes all steps from the selected program	W	
	ITL	string	_	-	-	string	-	Selected program's name	R/W	
:F E	UNC:MOD	character	CC CV	-	_	char	_	Selected program's CV/CC mode	R/W	
:F	UNC:POL	character	BIP UNIP	-	-	char	-	Selected program's bipolar/unipolar mode	R/W	
:L	OOP	NRf	1 to 10000 10001	-	_	NR3	-	Number of times that the selected program will repeat	R/W	
:S	TEP		•							
	:SEL	NRf	_	_	_	NR1	_	Selected program's step number selection	R/W	
	:FUNC	character	SIN SQU TRI USER[1] to 16	_	_	char	-	Selected step's AC signal waveform selection	R/W	
	:CURR	numeric	0 % to 105 % of the rated value	A	_	NR3	Yes	Selected step's DC signal current value; value at the end of step if RAMP is specified	R/W	
		character	IMM RAMP	-	-	char	_	Selected step's DC signal current change	R/W	
	:CURR:RA MP	numeric	0 % to 105 % of the rated value	A	_	NR3	Yes	Selected step's DC signal RAMP start value	R/W	
	:CURR:AC	numeric	0 % to 105 % of the rated value	APP	_	NR3	Yes	Selected step's AC signal current value; value at the end of step if SWE is specified	R/W	
		character	IMM SWE	_	_	char	_	Selected step's AC signal current change	R/W	
	:VOLT	numeric	0 % to 105 % of the rated value	V	_	NR3	Yes	Selected step's DC signal voltage value; value at the end of step if RAMP is specified	R/W	
		character	IMM RAMP	_	_	char	_	Selected step's DC signal voltage change	R/W	
	:Volt:Ra Mp	numeric	0 % to 105 % of the rated value	V	_	NR3	Yes	Selected step's DC signal RAMP start value	R/W	
	:VOLT:AC	numeric	0 % to 105 % of the rated value	VPP	_	NR3	Yes	is specified	R/W	
		character	IMM SWE	-	_	char	_	Selected step's AC signal voltage change	R/W	
	:FREQ	numeric	CV:1.0E-02 to 1.0E+05 CC:1.0E-02 to 1.0E+05	ΗZ	_	NR3	Yes	Selected step's AC signal frequency (PBZ20-20/PBZ40-10/PBZ60-6.7/ PBZ80-5)	R/W	
		numeric	CV:1.0E-02 to 2.0E+05 CC:1.0E-02 to 2.0E+05	ΗZ	_	NR3	Yes	Selected step's AC signal frequency (PBZ20-20A)	R/W	
		character	IMM SWE	-	_	char	_	Selected step's AC signal frequency change	R/W	

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S	SCPI comm	and	Setting		Default	Response	Effect	Description	R/W	+
Program	m header	Parameter		Unit	Delault	Response	Ellect	Description	FX/ V V	1
PROG:E	DIT:STEP									
	FREQ:S NE	character	LOG LIN	_	_	char	Yes	Selected step's AC signal frequency sweep mode	R/W	3
		numeric	CV:1.0E-02 to 1.0E+05 CC:1.0E-02 to 1.0E+05	ΗZ	_	NR3	Yes	Selected step's AC signal frequency sweep start frequency (PBZ20-20/ PBZ40-10/PBZ60-6.7/PBZ80-5)	R/W	3
		numeric	CV:1.0E-02 to 2.0E+05 CC:1.0E-02 to 2.0E+05	ΗZ	-	NR3	Yes	Selected step's AC signal frequency sweep stop frequency (PBZ20-20A)	R/W	3
:	PHAS	numeric	0 to 359	DEG	-	NR3	Yes	Selected step's AC signal start phase	R/W	3
		bool	ON OFF	-	-	NR1	Yes	angle	R/W	3
	SQU:DCY C	numeric	0.1 to 99.9	PCT	50	NR3	Yes	Selected step's square wave signal duty cycle	R/W	3
:	AC:STAT	bool	ON OFF	-	-	NR1	Yes	Selected step's AC signal on/off	R/W	3
:	TIME	numeric	0.0001 to 3600000	S	_	NR3	Yes	Selected step's frequency sweep time	R/W	3
3	STAT	bool	ON OFF	-	-	NR1	Yes	Colorised stania systems on laff and	R/W	3
		bool	ON OFF	-	-	NR1	Yes	Selected step's output on/off and trigger signal I/O	R/W	3
		bool	ON OFF	-	-	NR1	Yes		R/W	3

PROGram:EXECute subsystem

	SCPI comm	and	Setting	I	Default	Response	Effect	Description	R/W	+
	Program header	Parameter		Unit	Delaut	Response	Lincor	Description	10,00	
Ρ	ROG									
	:EXEC:STAT	character	RUN PAUSE STOP CONT	_	_	_	_	Selected program's execution state	W	3
	:EXEC	-	-	-	Ι	char	-	Selected program's execution state	R	3
		-	-	_	-	NR3	-	(RUN, PAUSE, STOP, or WAIT),	R	3
		-	-	_	-	NR1	-	time that has passed since execution began, number of times	R	3
		-	_	—	Ι	NR1	-	that program will repeat, current	R	3
		-	-	_	-	string	_	step number, and program number.	R	3

SCRipt subsystem

	SCPI comm	and	Setting	J	Default	Response	Effect	Description	R/W	+
	Program header	Parameter		Unit	Delault	Response	LIIEUL	Description	1.7.4.4	'
SC	CR									
	:NAME	string	"CV", "CC", "" (Blank string)	_	"" (Blank string)	string	_	Script selection and selection clearing	R/W	3
	:EDIT	string	"DO Pn,R1"	_	_	string	-	Selected script's contents: program numbers, repetitions, loop start	R/W	3
		string	"DO LOOP Ln"	_	_	string	Ι	commands, number of times script will repeat, and loop end commands	R/W	3
		string	"END LOOP"	_	_	string	_		R/W	3
	:EDIT:TITL	string	—	-	-	string	-	Selected script's name	R/W	3

SCPI o	command	Setting		Default	Response	Effect	Description	R/W	+
Program head	der Parameter		Unit	Delault	Пезропас	Lilcot	Description	1.7,44	
STAT									
:OPER									
[:EVEN]	-	-	-	-	NR1	-	Queries events ¹	R	1
:COND	-	-	_	-	NR1	_	Queries the condition of the register ¹	R	1
:ENAB	NRf	0 to 32767	-	-	NR1	-	Enable register ¹	R/W	1
:NTR	NRf	0 to 32767	-	-	NR1	-	Negative transition filter ¹	R/W	1
:PTR	NRf	0 to 32767	-	-	NR1	-	Positive transition filter ¹	R/W	1
:PRES	-	_	-	_	_	_	Resets filter registers to default values	W	1
:QUES		•			•				
[:EVEN]	-	-	-	-	NR1	-	Queries events ²	R	1
:COND	-	-	-	-	NR1	-	Queries the condition of the register ²	R	1
:ENAB	NRf	0 to 32767	-	-	NR1	-	Enable register ²	R/W	1
:NTR	NRf	0 to 32767	-	-	NR1	-	Positive transition filter ²	R/W	1
:PTR	NRf	0 to 32767	-	-	NR1	-	Negative transition filter ²	R/W	1

STATus subsystem

1 OPERation status register

2 QUEStionable status register

IEEE 488.2 Common Commands

IEEE 488.2 common commands	Parameter	Description	R/W
*CLS	-	Clears all the event registers.	W
*ESE	NR1	Sets or queries the event status enable register bits.	R/W
*ESR	-	Queries the event status register.	R
*IDN	-	Queries the identification string (manufacturer information).	R
*OPC	_	Causes the PBZ to generate the operation complete message in the event status register when all pending device operations have finished.	R/W
*OPT	-	Queries the options that are installed in the PBZ.	R
*PSC	NR1	Sets or queries whether the service request enable register and the event status enable register are reset to their default values when the PBZ's power is reset.	R/W
*RCL	_	Aborts measurement and loads the settings that have been saved to setup memory.	W
*RST	_	Performs a device reset. Configures the PBZ to a known condition independent from the usage history of the device.	W
*SAV	NR1	Saves the current settings to setup memory.	W
*SRE	NR1	Sets the service request enable register.	R/W
*STB	_	Queries the contents of the status byte register and the master summary status message.	R
*TRG	-	Trigger command.	W
*TST	-	Executes a self-test.	R
*WAI	_	Prevents the PBZ from executing subsequent commands or queries until all operations that are in standby have completed.	W

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Command errors

An error in the range [-199, -100] indicates that an IEEE 488.2 syntax error has been detected by the instrument's parser. The occurrence of any error in this class causes the Command Error bit (bit 5) in the event status register to be set.

	Error code	Error message description
-100	Command error	Generic syntax error.
-101	Invalid character	A syntactic element contains an invalid character.
-102	Syntax error	An unrecognized command or data type was encountered.
-103	Invalid separator	The parser was expecting a separator and encountered an illegal character.
-104	Data type error	The parser recognized a data element different than one allowed.
-105	GET not allowed	A Group Execute Trigger was received in a program message.
-108	Parameter not allowed	More parameters were received than expected for the header.
-109	Missing parameter	Fewer parameters were received than required for the header.
-110	Command header error	An error was detected in the header.
-120	Numeric data error	Generated when parsing a data element which appears to be numeric, including the nondecimal numeric types.
-130	Suffix error	Generated when parsing a suffix.
-131	Invalid suffix	The suffix does not follow the syntax, or the suffix is inappropriate for the PBZ.
-134	Suffix too long	The suffix contained more than twelve characters.
-138	Suffix not allowed	A suffix was encountered after a numeric element that does not allow suffixes.
-140	Character data error	Generated when parsing a character data element.
-141	Invalid character data	Either the character data element contains an invalid character, or the element is not valid.
-144	Character data too Long	The character data element contains more than twelve characters.
-148	Character data not allowed	A legal character data element was encountered where prohibited by the PBZ.
-150	String data error	Generated when parsing a string data element.
-160	Block data error	Generated when parsing a block data element.
-170	Expression error	Generated when parsing an expression data element.
-180	Macro error	Generated when defining a macro or executing a macro.

Execution errors

An error in the range [-299, -200] indicates that an error has been detected by the instrument's execution control block. The occurrence of any error in this class causes the Execution Error bit (bit 4) in the event status register to be set.

	Error code	Error message description
-200	Execution error (generic)	A generic PBZ error.
-203	Command protected	Password protected program or query command cannot be executed.
-210	Trigger error	A trigger error.
-211	Trigger ignored	A trigger was received but ignored.
-213	Init ignored	A measurement initiate operation was ignored because measurement is in progress.
-214	Trigger deadlock	A deadlock occurred because a query was received before the software trigger.
-220	Parameter error	A program data element related error occurred.
-221	Settings conflict	A command was received that the PBZ cannot execute in its current condition.
-222	Data out of range	Program value was outside the legal range.
-223	Too much data	Too many parameters were received for the requirements.
-224	Illegal parameter value	Received invalid parameter data.
-230	Data corrupt or stale	Received a data query before the measurement completed.
-241	Hardware missing	Cannot be executed because the optional hardware is not installed.

Device-specific errors

	Error code	Error message description
-330	Self-test failed	The self-test failed.
-360	Communication error	A communication error occurred.
-362	Framing error in program message	The stop bit cannot be detected.
-363	Input buffer overrun	An overrun occurred in the input buffer.
-365	Time out error	A time out error occurred.

Query errors

An error in the range [-499, -400] indicates that the output queue control of the instrument has detected a problem with the message exchange protocol described in IEEE 488.2, chapter 6. The occurrence of any error in this class causes the Query Error bit (bit 2) in the event status register to be set.

	Error code	Error message description
-400	Query error (generic)	A generic PBZ error.
-410	Query INTERRUPTED	Received a new command before the response was read.
-420	Query UNTERMINATED	The controller attempted to read the response after the device received an unsupported query or has not received a query. The -100 "Command error" and this error are stored in the error queue. The controller will time out.
-430	Query DEADLOCKED	The error queue, input buffer, and output buffer are full when sending large binary data as a response, and the transmission timing is off.
-440	Query UNTERMINATED after indefinite response	Received a separate query in semicolon-delimited format after a query that returns a response in an indefinite form. Example: *IDN?;SYST:ERR?

Operation complete event errors

An error in the range [-899, -800] is used when the PBZ wants to report an IEEE 488.2 operation complete event. This event occurs when the instrument's synchronization protocol, having been enabled by an *OPC command, completes all selected pending operations.

The occurrence of this event causes the Operation Complete bit (bit 0) in the event status register to be set.

	Error code	Error message description
-800	Operation complete	All selected pending operations in accordance with the IEEE 488.2, 12.5.2 synchronization protocol have completed.

PBZ-specific errors

	Error code	Error message description
101	Operation denied while in LOCal state	The operation was denied because the PBZ is in local mode.
102	Operation denied while in OUTPut ON state	The operation was denied because the output is on.
103	Operation denied while in PROTection state	The operation was denied because a protection feature is activated.
104	Operation denied while in SLAVe mode	The operation was denied because the PBZ is set to slave mode in parallel operation.
105	Operation denied due to incompatible FUNCtion SOURce	The operation was denied because the signal source is incompatible.
106	Operation denied due to PROGRAM RUNNING	The operation was denied because a sequence program is being executed.
107	Operation denied due to Empty PROGram	The operation was denied because there is no sequence program.

	ール田 テスト(5) ウィンドウ(18) ヘルナ(18)				6	
■ ■ ■ ■ X = 2 3 = 2 7 + 0 + ■ - 3 1 = 1 = 1						
ormi vb [F#12] Formi vb					• x 1/12-522 IS	DZJD-5 -
						S 3 &
Form)					in 2 2 PIZZW, By Pn Fornt	_Sample
エラー 10 警告 (1) 0 メッセージ	24	02	Tri		a x 70/17⊰ Form1 System	19. (19-4) Windows Forme
(ラー <u>1</u> 0 警告 1) 0 メッセージ	7r (#	îŤ	列	- 1 707171	■ × 70/174 Form1 System	n Windows Forms
(ラー <u>1</u> 0 警告 1) 0 メッセージ	7 7();	ff	列		■ x 70/174 Form1 System	n Windows Forms False rip (/aL) K True
(ラー <u>1</u> 0 警告 1) 0 メッセージ	7rf#	17	71		X 70/17+ Form1 System System Solution Locked MainMoruSte MaximumStep MaximumStep	n Windows Forms View False rip (24L) x True = 0.0
エラー 10 警告 (1) 0 メッセージ	748	ŤŤ	列		X X T0/(7+ Form1 System System Si 21 m Locked MaximizeBax MaximumSize MinimumSize MinimumSize MinimumSize MinimumSize MinimumSize	NWindows Forms False rip (72U) x True e 0,0 : True b 0,0
エラー 10 警告 (1) 0 メッセージ	7r(à	fT	71		 TO/74 Forml System 21 III 24 III Locked MaximizeBox MinimumSite MinimumSite B MinimumSite D MinimumSite D MinimumSite 	Nindows Forms False rip (24U) x True e 0,0 t True a 0,0 100%
Eラー 10 警告 10 xhセージ	27(8	fī	31		X 70/174 Form1 System Event Locked MonimiceBox MinimumSite MinimumSite Docity Padding RightToLeft	n Windows Form False rip (24U) x True e 0,0 : True b 0,0 100% 0,0,0 No
Eラー 10 警告 10 xhセージ	77(8	ŤŤ	71		X 70/174 Form1 System System Social System So	n Windows Form False np (ALL) × True = 0.0 100K 0.0.0 No Lay False True
Eラー 10 警告 10 xhセージ	74(8	fŤ	列		X Y0/174 Form1 System Locked MonimosBoo MaximosBoo MaximosBoo MaximosBoo MaximosBoo Doscity Padding RightToLettl Storvicon StorviceTaskt	n Windows Forms False rip (24U) x True e 0,0 t True 0,0 100% 0,0,0 No Lay False True bar True
エラー 10 警告 (1) 0 メッセージ	77(\$	ÎŤ	31		X X	NWindows Forms False rip (2LU) x True e 0.0 True e 0.0 100% 0.0.0 No Lon False True 200, 300 e Auto
エラー 10 警告 (1) 0 メッセージ	7r(8	ñ	<u>1</u>		X X X X	NWindows Forms False rip (2LU) x True e 0.0 True e 0.0 100% 0.0.0 No Lon False True 200, 300 e Auto
エラー 10 警告 () 0 20セージ	7r(k	Ť	N		X 70/5% Formi System Formi System	windows Forms False rp (2) x True e 0,0 true 0,0 100% 0,0,0 Ne Low False True 300,300 e Auto WindowsDef Form1
エラー 10 警告 10 かセージ	7r(8	ÎŤ	列		X YU/5* Form! System System Second System	Windows Forma False ro (24L) True 0.0 1 True 0.0 0 True 0.0 0 Na Lay False True bar True bar True bar True Callo Na Lay False True False
エラー 10 警告 10 かセージ	7r(h	ñ	<u>)</u>		X X	Windows Forms Falte rep (f2(L) x True 0.0 True 0.0 100%
-¥ 13-]▲0 행동 (10 %t-?) 1898	77(8	ÎŤ	Э		X YU/5+ FormI System FormI System	Windows Forms Falte rep (f2(L) x True 0.0 True 0.0 100%

Communicate with the PBZ series using VISA through GPIB, RS232C, USB or LAN.

Setting the "Project"

At first, set the communication driver (VISA liabrary) for the "Project".

Click "Project" on the menu bar, then select "Add Reference" to refer "VISA COM 3.0 Type Library".

ET COM プロジェクト 参照 最	近使用したファイル		
コンポーネント名 🔺	TypeLib //,	1/2	^
VID98 Theme and Layout Picker 1	1.0	C:¥Program Files¥Microsoft Visua	
VID98 Wizard Object 1.0 Type Libr	10	C:¥Program Files¥Common Files¥.	
Video_TVServer 1.0 Type Library	10	C:¥Program Files¥NVIDIA Corpor	
VIDTC1 1.0 Type Library	10	C:¥Program Files¥Microsoft Visua	
VIDTC2 1.0 Type Library	1.0	C:¥Program Files¥Microsoft Visua	
vidtc3	10	C:¥Program Files¥Microsoft Visua	
VIFpAuto 1.0 Type Library	1.0	C:¥WINDOWS¥system¥VI30AUT.D.	
VISA COM 3.0 Type Library	30	 C:¥VXIPNP¥VisaCom¥GlobMgr.dll 	
VISA COM 488.2 Formatted I/O 1.0		C:¥VXIPNP¥VisaCom¥BasFrmIOd	
VisData Database Utility	10	C:¥Program Files¥Microsoft Visua	
VisModelBrowser	10	C:¥Program Files¥Microsoft Visua	
Visual Basic 6 Resource Editor	10	C:¥Program Files¥Microsoft Visua	_
Visual Basic Data View Addin Sup	1.0	C:¥Program Files¥Microsoft Visua	
Visual Basic For Applications	2.1	C:¥WINDOWS¥system32¥VEN223	~
<pre></pre>			

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Communication through GPIB, RS232C, USB, or LAN

After setting the communication driver, it enables to communicate by GPIB, RS232C, USB, or LAN.

The following describes the communication procedure for via VISA.

Open the VISA

To communicate with the device of GPIB, RS232C, USB, or LAN via VISA, it requires to open the VISA first. When opening the VISA, specify the I/O resource.

Example : To open VISA by using USB

```
Set rm = CreateObject("VISA.GlobalRM")
Set msg = rm.Open("USB::0x0B3E::0x1012::00000001::INSTR", NO LOCK, 0, "")
```

"USB::0x0B3E::0x1014::00000001::INSTR" is the I/O resource.

The I/O resource is specified by the following constructions. The part indicated with [] can be abbreviated. Enter the appropriate value in the part specified in oblique characters.

GPIB	GPIB[<i>board</i>]:: <i>PrimaryAddress</i> [::SecondaryAddress][::INSTR] Example : The primary address 3 of the measuring instrument connected to GPIB0.
Seria (RS232C)	GPIB0::3::INSTR ASRL[<i>board</i>][::INSTR] Example : The measuring instrument connected to the serial port COM1. ASRL1::INSTR
USB	USB[<i>board</i>]::VendorID::ProductID:: <i>SerialNumber</i> [:: <i>InterfaceNumber</i>][::INSTR] Example : The USNTMC measuring instrument having with the vendor ID (VID)2878, Product ID(PID)4114 and serial number "00000001". USB0::0x0B3E::0x1012::00000001::INSTR
LAN ¹ VXI-11 See p. 11	TCPIP[<i>board</i>]:: <i>LAN device name</i> [::inst0][::INSTR] The measuring instrument whose IP address (LAN device name) is 169.254.7.8. TCPIP::169.254.7.8::INSTR You can also set the LAN device name using the host name.
SCPI- RAW	TCPIP[<i>board</i>]:: <i>LAN device name::portno</i> ::SOCKET Example :The measuring instrument whose IP address (LAN device name) is 169.254.7.8. (The "portno" setting of the PCR is normally 5025.) TCPIP::169.254.7.8::5025::SOCKET You can also set the LAN device name using the host name.

1 The hostname must be a valid mDNS hostname (a Bonjour hostname that ends in ".local") or a DNS hostname that is managed by an external DNS server (a full-qualified domain name— FQDN). If you are using an mDNS hostname, Apple Bonjour (alternatively, iTunes or Safari) must be installed on your PC.

For VISA, the alias can be used for the I/O resource.

When using the alias for the I/O resource, even the alias name to be hard coating directly in the application, it can be easily converted to the appropriate I/O resource name.

Example : When using the alias (MYPIA) for the I/O resource.

Set msg = rm.Open("MYPIA", NO_LOCK, 0, "")

When the alias is used, the actual I/O resource is specified by such an external configuration table.

When using the USB (example for KI-VISA)

100

KI-VISA Instrument Explorer		_	
Eile Edit View Tools Help (1. Selec	t your desired I/O resou	irce	
USP0::0x083E::0x1020::FF012345::0::IN	VISA Address		
ASRL1::INSTR	USB0::0x0B3E::0x1020::FF012345::0::INST	R	Open VISA Session
ASRL4::INSTR ASRL5::INSTR	VISA Alias (Alphanumeric only, case insensitive) MYDEV1 Apply Optional Settings RS232 Serial Interface Co. 2. Enter the name Databits	y *ION? OBY LXL	identification.xml
	Stopbits		×

In case of using VISA other than KI-VISA, please refer to the applied VISA manual.

Controlling the devices

Next, using such a "Read", "Write" to control the devices.

Example:

```
msg.WriteString ("FUNC:MODE CV") 'Specify a CV mode.
msg.WriteString ("VOLT 10.0") 'Set 10.0 V.
msg.WriteString ("OUTP 1") 'Output ON.
```

Closing the VISA.

Close the VISA at the end.

A command for "Open" and "Close" of the VISA is required only once in the program. msg.Close

Sample program

```
Imports Ivi.Visa.Interop
Public Class Form1
 Dim rm As ResourceManager
 Dim msg As IMessage
 Private Sub Form1 Load(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles MyBase.Load
   rm = CreateObject("VISA.GlobalRM")
   'msg = rm.Open("GPIB0::1::INSTR", AccessMode.NO LOCK, 0, "")
                                                                                    'Example: GPIB
   'msg = rm.Open("MYDEV1", AccessMode.NO_LOCK, 0, "")
                                                                                    'Example: Using a alias
   'msg = rm.Open("TCPIP::169.254.178.141::INSTR", AccessMode.NO LOCK, 0, "")
                                                                                    'Example: LAN
   msg = rm.Open("USB0::0x0B3E::0x1012::FF012345::INSTR", AccessMode.NO LOCK, 0, "")'Example: USB
  End Sub
  'Query the instrument identity
  Private Sub cmdIdn Click(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles cmdIdn.Click
   msg.WriteString("*IDN?")
   TextBox1.Text = msg.ReadString(256)
  End Sub
  'Set the operation mode and voltage
 Private Sub cmdCurr_Click(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles cmdCurr.Click
   msg.WriteString("OUTP 0")
                                           'Output OFF
                                          'Specify a CV mode
   msg.WriteString("FUNC:MODE CV")
                                          'Set 10.0 V.
   msg.WriteString("VOLT 10.0")
                                          'Output ON
   msg.WriteString("OUTP 1")
  End Sub
  'Query the instrument identity
 Private Sub cmdMeas Click(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles cmdMeas.Click
   msg.WriteString("MEAS:CURR?")
   TextBox1.Text = msg.ReadString(256)
  End Sub
 Private Sub Form1 Disposed (ByVal sender As Object, ByVal e As System. EventArgs) Handles Me. Disposed
   msg.Close()
 End Sub
End Class
```

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Every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of this manual. However, if you have any questions or find any errors or omissions, please contact your Kikusui agent or distributor.

After you have finished reading this manual, store it so that you can use it for reference at any time.

KIKUSUI ELECTRONICS CORP.

1-1-3 Higashiyamata, Tsuzuki-ku, Yokohama, 224-0023, Japan Phone: +81-45-482-6353

Facsimile: +81-45-482-6261

